



# Color Conversion from YUV12 to RGB Using Intel MMX™ Technology

Information for Developers and ISVs

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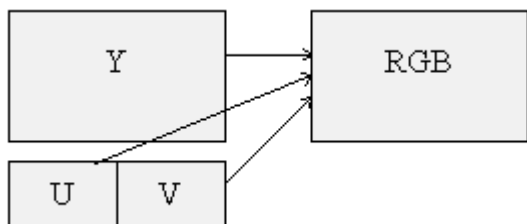
### 1. Introduction

This application note describes the usage of the new Intel MMX™ instruction set to implement Color Conversion Kernels (CCK) from YUV12 to RGB color space. The MMX™ instructions are Intel's implementation of Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instructions.

### 2. Overview

YUV12 color space is the native output for many video decoders including MPEG and H26x. This color space must be converted to RGB color space (the native color space of common PC graphics cards) to be displayed properly. Graphics cards support all or a subset of RGB8, RGB16, RGB24 or RGB32 color depths.

U and V are subsampled 2:1 in both vertical and horizontal directions. As a result, every U and V values are used for 4 Y values and generate 4 RGB pixels. The diagram shows that the number of bytes in the RGB buffer is the same as for the Y buffer. This is only true for RGB8. For RGB16, the number of bytes is twice as much, and for RGB24 it is 3 times as much.



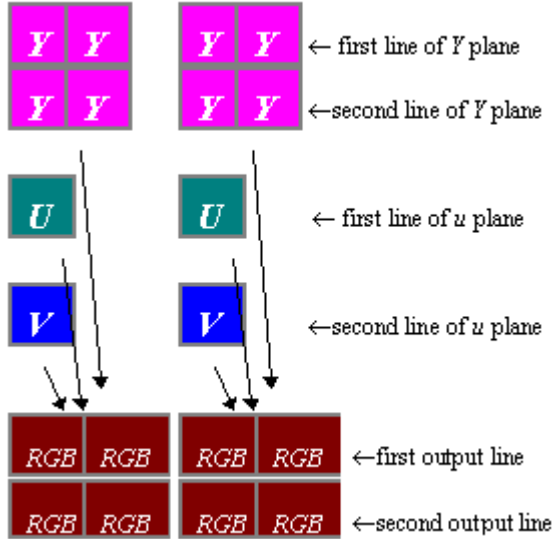
## 3. Functional Description

For each 2x2 block of *RGB* pixels, 4 *Y* bytes 1 *U* and 1 *V* byte are needed as shown in Figure 1.

The input and output signals for *Y*, *U*, *V* fall within this range:

16 *Y* 235

16 *u,v* 240



**Figure 1- color conversion scheme**

Conversion is performed according to the following:

$$G = 1.164 (Y-16) - 0.391(u-128) - 0.813(v-128)$$

$$R = 1.164 (Y-16) + 1.596(v-128)$$

$$B = 1.164 (Y-16) + 2.018(u-128)$$

The ranges of *R,G,B* values can be obtained by substituting the *Y,U,V* limits into the above equations, as follows:

$$-179 = 0 - 179 < R < 255 + 179 = 433$$

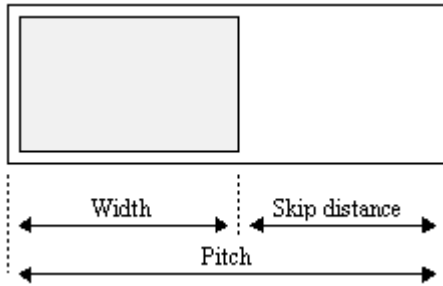
$$-135 = 0 - 135 < G < 255 + 135 = 390$$

$$-227 = 0 - 227 < B < 255 + 227 = 365$$

Once the *R,G,B* values are calculated, result should be translated to their final range. For example, in the case of *RGB24* format, each output pixel is represented by 24 bits; each color component is represented by one byte. Therefore, each of the *R,G,B* values must be clamped to within 0..255. The ranges for RGB above shows signed values, which means that the all calculations should use signed arithmetic. On the other hand, the final legal ranges of RGB is 0.255, which requires that the saturation uses unsigned arithmetics. For *RGB16*, the output range is further reduced to fit the RGB values in 16bits. This is done by dropping some of the least significant bits of each color.

### 4. Color Converter Interface

Each Color Converter Kernel (*CCK*) receives as input three planes: *Y*, *U*, *V*, a *Y* pitch, and *UV* pitch (*U*, *V* pitches are always the same). It also receives a pointer to the output buffer and its pitch (*CCOPitch*). In addition, it receives an *aspect ratio* adjustment count, which enables adjustment of the destination height to fit a specific aspect ratio of the display device.



### 5. Choosing Algorithm for Color Conversion To RGB24 Without Zooming

Three different implementations of the *YUV12* to *RGB24* algorithm using the MMX™ technology will be discussed in this section.

The first implementation of the algorithm utilizes the maximum parallelism offered by MMX™ Technology. It performs *byte* operations on 8 pixels at a time. This method uses pre-calculated tables and should yield the best throughput of the methods described here. However, since the temporary results during calculations may be larger than 8 bits, the *YUV* impact data is scaled down before calculations are made. This results in loss of precision of the final *RGB* data. However, this loss of data is not recognized by the naked eye and is very well acceptable.

The second method also uses lookup tables. It obtains precise final results by using MMX™ Technology to operate on *words*. This method has its own drawbacks, since only 4 pixels can be calculated at a time (compared to 8 in the first method). Moreover, the final *word* values have to be packed to *byte* format before storing it to the output buffer. Finally, the lookup tables doubles in size yielding worse cache locality.

The third approach uses direct calculations instead of lookup tables. This approach could be a good alternative to the first because it does not use lookup tables and thus has better cache behavior. Another advantage is realized because memory writes to the graphics card are uncached and slow which gives the CPU enough time to perform the required calculations. On the other hand, this method requires *word* arithmetic which reduces the amount of parallelism in half, and requires repacking the final results to *byte format*. Nonetheless, measurements show that this method can be as fast as the first approach.

## 6. YUV12 to RGB24 Conversion Using Lookup Tables(first method)

The YUV12 to RGB color conversion formulas could be represented as follows:

$$R = Y\_impact[Y] + VR\_impact[v]$$

$$G = Y\_impact[Y] + UG\_impact[u] + VG\_impact[v]$$

$$B = Y\_impact[Y] + UB\_impact[u]$$

where (values from section 3):

$$Y\_impact(Y) = 1.164(Y-16),$$

$$VR\_impact(V) = 1.596(V-128)$$

$$VG\_impact(V) = -0.813(V-128)$$

$$UG\_impact(U) = -0.391(U-128)$$

$$UB\_impact(U) = 2.018(U-128)$$

As mentioned above, for *byte* calculations, the *Y,U,V* impact data have to be scaled down so that the results do not exceed the data range. Using the scale factor  $1/4$ , ranges of *U,V* impact can be reduced to -64..64, and *Y* impact can be reduced to 0..64. Adding the impacts together gives an *R,G,B* values between -64..128.

To clamp negative *R,G,B* values to 0, a constant 64 could be included in the *Y* impact tables which puts yields a range between 0..196. As a result, all calculation could be *unsigned byte* operations, which is a perfect fit for the MMX™ technology.

Figure 2. illustrates a block diagram of this algorithm.

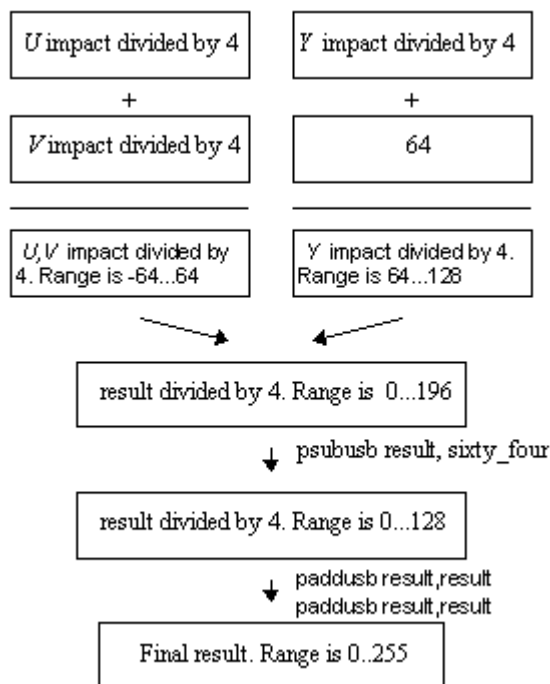
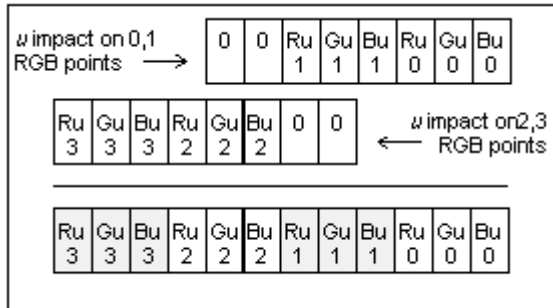


Figure 2- Conversion scheme YUV12 RGB24 using look up tables.

## 6.1 Extracting Y,U and V Impacts From Lookup Tables

The inner loop of the algorithm generates a 2x4 block of RGB pixels. It processes two lines at a time, since the impact of the *U* and *V* components is the same for two consecutive lines. Twelve bytes are generated for four RGB24 pixels. Thus three *dwords* are written to the output buffer.

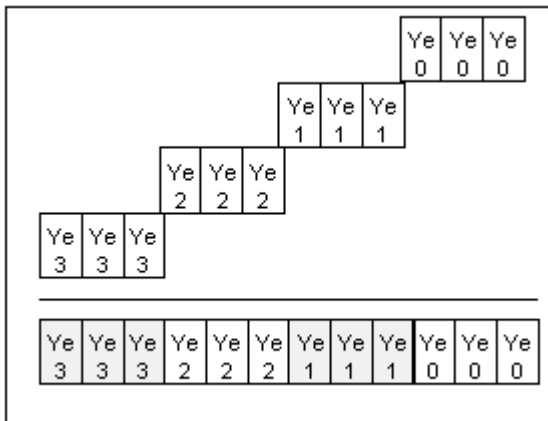


**Figure 3- obtaining *u* impact on four RGB points.**

As shown in Figure 3, the first *U* input byte is used to reference the *U\_impact* table for the first 2 RGB pixels. The second *U* input byte is used to reference the *U\_impact* table for the next 2 RGB pixels. The *UV\_impact* will be used for two consecutive lines.

R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B
uv3	uv3	uv3	uv2	uv2	uv2	uv1	uv1	uv1	uv0	uv0	uv0

The *Y impact* is calculated for each line. To get *Y impact* on even-numbered lines (*Ye..*) four *Y impact* values are combined together as follows:



**Figure 4- obtaining *Y impact*.**

The *Y impact* for odd-numbered lines is calculated in the same manner.

Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo	Yo
3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0

Adding the *Y* lines to the *U, V*-impact, and continuing to perform operations as illustrated in Figure 2, the final *R, G, B* results are generated as follows:



Re	Ge	Be	Re	Ge	Be	Re	Ge	Be	Re	Ge	Be
3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0

Ro	Go	Bo	Ro	Go	Bo	Ro	Go	Bo	Ro	Go	Bo
3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0

Optimized implementation of this algorithm is found in Appendix 4.

### 6.2 Aspect Ratio Calculation

The *Aspect ratio* parameter allows for adjustment of picture aspect ratio (width/height). The algorithm only allows for reduction in height of picture by dropping certain lines when generating the output. For example if the aspect ratio is 12, each 12th line is be dropped. Two solutions were considered. In the first one, each output line is processed separately and if the line number is a multiple of the *aspect ratio*, the line is dropped. The drawback of this solution is that the *UV* impacts, which are common for two consecutive lines, are either calculated twice, or stored in a temporary buffer. Both of them increase the amount of accessing required when no line is dropped, which is most of the cases.

The second solution always processes two lines at time. A line is skipped by writing the second calculated line over the first line. Thus, the amount of work is the same as if no lines are dropped at all. Therefore, the benefit of this method comes from the fact that *U,V* calculation is only done once.

### 6.3 Size of Lookup Tables

All tables contain 256 elements. The *Y* table contains *dword* entries, which yields 1K tables size. Each *U*, *V* table has *qword* entries, which yields 2K table each. Therefore, the total *Y,U,V* table size is 5K.

In the *U,V* tables, the *RGB* values in locations 0,1,2 are the same as the values in locations 3,4,5 respectively. This is due to the fact that *U,V* impacts two consecutive pixels. The *U,V* table sizes could be reduced by half eliminating the duplication. This could be done using shifts at run time to generate the proper format. However, this costs more CPU cycles.

To position the *Y* impacts in the right places, a *shift* instruction can be used. It is possible to use four tables for *Y*, and store shifted value in them. However, such tables will consume more memory, which could add additional pressure on the data cache.

### 7. YUV12 to RGB24 Zoom by Two

In this algorithm each output point is enlarged into 22 block. So now  $U$  and  $V$  values impact a 4x4 block, and  $Y$  values impact a 2x2 block. This algorithm was implemented using direct calculations of RGB values, and it uses the same ideas like RGB16 zoom by two.

Implementation of this algorithm can be found in Appendix 5.

### 8. YUV12 to RGB16 Conversion Using Lookup Tables

In the *RGB16* color format, every pixel is represented by 16-bit color components. Different graphics cards assign different number of bits for each of the *R*, *G* and *B* components, as follows:

x555 [ignore high order bit, then R,G,B where B is low]

655 [ R=6(high), G=5, B=5(low) ]

565 [ R=5(high), G=6, B=5(low) ]

664 [ R=6(high), G=6, B=4(low) ]

For example in x555 allocation, 5 bits are used to encode each color.

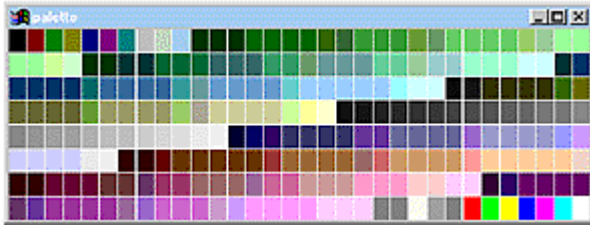
The first stage of *YUV12* to *RGB16* conversion is identical to *YUV12* to *RGB24* conversion. There is an additional step which decimates the *RGB24* color components and packs them into the appropriate 16 bit format.

Implementation of this algorithm can be found in Appendix 5.

## 9. YUV12 to RGB8 (CLUT8) Conversion Using Lookup Tables

### 9.1 Algorithm Description

*RGB8* format represents each color in 8 bits, yielding a total of 256 colors. The contents of the 8 bits is an index into a *Color Lookup Table* known as a color palette. Graphics adapters are programmed with this palette either by the operating system or by the application. The operating system reserves the first 10 and last 10 entries of the palette for system usage. The rest of the entries are used by the active application.



(In 256 color mode this picture may look wrong. Use 16 or 24 bit color mode to see this picture properly)

The palette used for this implementation of *RGB8* color is divided into 9 zones each with 26 gradients of the same color. *U* and *V* impacts are used to determine which color zone they represent, and the *Y* impact determines the intensity of the color in that zone. Definition of the palette may can be found in Appendix 1.

The *Y, U, V* impacts are calculated according to the following equations:

<i>V</i> impact=	0,	$U < 64h$
	1ah,	$64h \leq U < 84h$
	34h,	$U \geq 84h$
<i>U</i> impact=	0,	$V < 64h$
	4eh,	$64h \leq V < 84h$
	9ch,	$V \geq 84h$
<i>Y</i> impact=	0,	$Y < 1bh$
	7/8,	$1bh \leq Y < e6h$
	19h,	$Y \geq e6h$

**Table 1 - Color Conversion Rules for RGB8 CCK**

In addition, a noise pattern is added to the input *Y, U, V* values to give the picture a smooth look. The noise pattern is shown in Table 2. This extra processing consumes more precious cycles of the CPU, especially since that *U* and *V* impacts are different on different lines and thus must be calculated separately.

V-noise:

Line 1	10h	8	18h	0
Line 2	18h	0	10h	8
Line 3	8	10h	0	18h
Line 4	0	18h	8	10h

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*U*-noise:

Line 1	8	10h	0	18h
Line 2	0	18h	8	10h
Line 3	10h	8	18h	0
Line 4	18h	0	10h	8

*Y*-noise:

Line 1	4	2	6	0
Line 2	6	0	4	2
Line 3	2	4	0	6
Line 4	0	6	2	4

**Table 2 - Noise Matrixes for RGB8 CCK.**

Since the noise values are added to the input *Y, U, V* data, the color conversion rules are different for every pixel in the 44 matrix. For example, consider the first pixel in *Line 1*. With the noise values added to it, a new color conversion table is derived as follows:

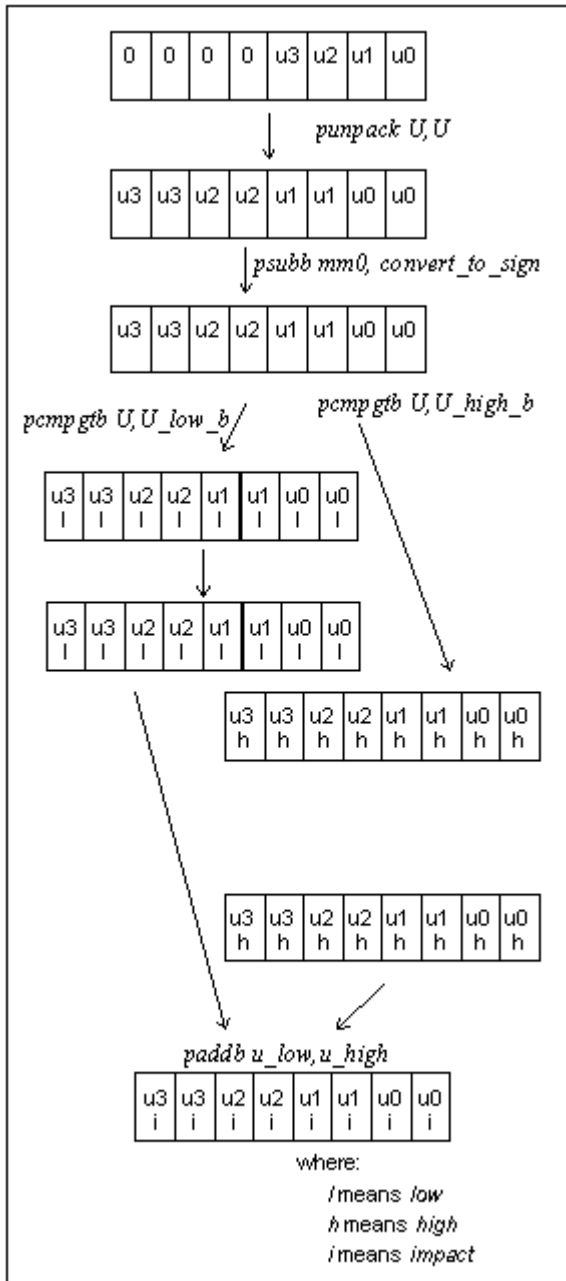
<i>V</i> impact=	0,	$U < 64h + 10h$
	1ah,	$10h + 64h \leq U < 84h + 10h$
	34h,	$U \geq 84h + 10h$
<i>U</i> impact=	0,	$V < 64h + 8h$
	4eh,	$8h + 64h \leq V < 84h + 8h$
	9ch,	$V \geq 84h + 8h$
<i>Y</i> impact=	0,	$Y < 16h + 4$
	7/8,	$4 + 16h \leq Y < e6h + 4$
	19h,	$Y \geq e6h + 4$

**Table 3 - Color Conversion Rules for RGB8 CCK.**

### 9.2 Calculating *UV* Impact

This implementation performs color conversion of 8 consecutive pixels at a time, as shown in Figure 5. To calculate the *U* impact, the algorithm loads 4 *U* bytes and duplicates them across the 8 bytes (since every *U* value impacts 2 neighboring pixels). The result is compared against the pre-calculated constants, *U\_low\_b* & *U\_high\_b*. Note that IA MMX™ Technology instructions compare only signed numbers; therefore, arguments should be converted to sign range. *U\_low\_b* & *U\_high\_b* are pre-calculated, such that the only needed conversion so only one conversion is needed at run time, for all of the 8 *U* bytes. The instruction *psubb mm0, convert\_to\_sign* does this conversion.

Figure 5 illustrates a block diagram of this algorithm.



**Figure 5 - Calculating *u* Impact for RGB8 CCK.**

The constants *U\_low\_b* and *U\_high\_b* are the comparison values in Table 3; calculated for every pixel in the 4x4 matrix. Notice that these values include the noise effect introduced in Table 2 and are already converted to signed values.

*U\_low\_b*:

*ebf3e3fbef3e3fbh* = *6c74647c6c74647c* - *8080808080808080*

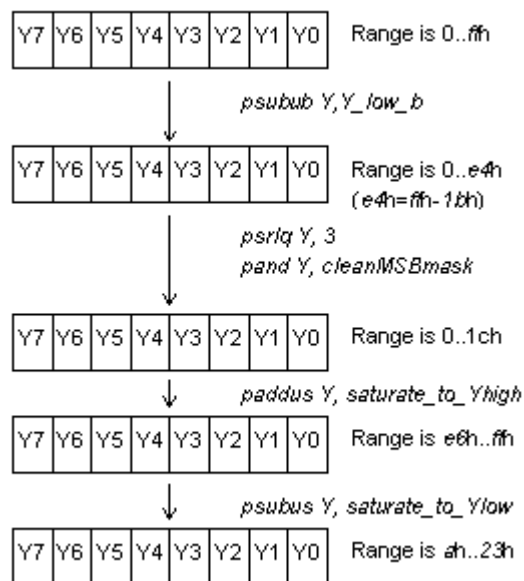
*e3fbef3e3fbef3h* = *647c6c74647c6c74* - *8080808080808080*

These values are derived in a similar method as shown in Table 3. For the first, the value  $6c74647c6c74647c$  is equal to the limit value  $6464646464646464$  added to the noise pattern at that line  $0810001808100018$ . All constants are converted to signed numbers by subtracting  $8080808080808080$

The result of the comparison is *00h* for any byte below the compared corresponding limit, and *FFh* for every byte greater or equal to the corresponding limit. The result of the comparison is *anded* with the value *4e4e4e4e4e4e4e4eh*, producing an intermediate result of *U impact*.

The comparison of the upper limit is done in a similar fashion and its result is added to the lower limit impact, yielding the total impact of  $U$ .

A different method is used to calculate the *Y impact*. The input *Y value* is first saturated on the lower end by subtracting *Y\_low\_b*, which is the lower limit including the effect of the noise, as shown in Table 3. The result is then divided by 8 and clipped to the upper limit by adding *saturate\_to\_Yhigh*. Finally, the result is brought back to the mid-range by subtracting the *saturate\_to\_Ylow*.



Constant  $Y_{low\_b}$  is different for every four consecutive lines. Subtracting  $Y_{low\_b}$  is equivalent to adding noise value (0402060004020600 for first line) and subtracting  $1bh$ , which is a lower limit for  $Y$

*Y\_low\_b*  
*1719151b1719151b = 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0402060004020600*  
*19171b1519171b15 = 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0204000602040006*

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$151b1719151b1719 = 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0600040206000402$

$1b1519171b151917 = 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0006020400060204$

Adding *saturate\_to\_Y\_high* constant, converts all values above *19h* to *FFh*, which puts it in the range *E6h..FFh*. Subtracting *return\_from\_Y\_high* constant, brings all values to the range *Ah..23h*, which is *Y* range *0..19h* plus *Ah*. The constant *Ah* is added to the result; this is the first 10 reserved colors by the operating system.

$\text{saturate\_to\_Y\_high} = e6e6e6e6e6e6e6 ; e6 = ff - 19$

$\text{return\_from\_Y\_high} = dcdcdcdcdcdcdc ; ff - 19 - a$

Implementation of this algorithm can be found in Appendix 2.



### 10. Converting to *RGB8*, Zoom by 2

In this algorithm each output point is duplicated into a 22 block. Therefore, each *U* and *V* value impacts a 4x4 block, and each *Y* value impacts a 2x2 block. Before starting to calculate *Y,U,V* impacts from Table 1, the noise values are added (using matrixes from Table 2). To calculate *U* (and *V*) impact on the first line of the 44 block, use the technique shown in Figure 5 (one more *punpack* for duplicating *u* points should be added). *U*, *V* impacts are added together, giving a *UV* impact for 4 pixels in the block. Since the noise values are the same, but in different byte locations in the 4x4 matrix, the rest of the *UV* impacts for the following three lines could be calculated by shuffling these values accordingly. For example if *UV* impact on first line is:

*UV3 UV2 UV1 UV0*

then the rest of lines are:

*UV1 UV0 UV3 UV2* - second line

*UV2 UV3 UV0 UV1* - third line

*UV0 UV1 UV2 UV3* - fourth line

The rest of the algorithm is similar to the non-zoomed algorithm.

#### 10.1 Implementation Notes

Two algorithms were implemented for *YUV12* to *RGB8* color conversion..

The First algorithm has two sequential loops. The first loop calculates the common *UV impacts* on four lines. The results are stored in a temporary buffer. The second loop calculates the . The second loop calculates the *Y impact* and combines them with the pre-calculated *UV impacts* to calculate the *RGB* pixel values. Each iteration of the second loop yields a 4x16 block of *RGB* pixels. This algorithm was found to be slow compared to the second algorithm (below), because of the nature of its calculations. The algorithm performs calculations of *RGB pixels*, and then writes them out to the graphics card. Due to the slow bandwidth of the graphics card compared to the CPU, the CPU write buffers were almost always full, causing a slow down in performance.

The second algorithm is based on interleaving the writes to the graphics card with *RGB* calculations. This algorithm is composed of one loop that calculates the *Y,U,V impacts* and combines them to generate the *RGB* values. As a result of the extra calculations of *U,V impacts* inside the loop, the size of the loop is increased, thus spreading the writes to the graphics card between calculations. The change in code structure resulted in a 1.3x speedup.

Implementation of the second algorithm can be found in Appendix 3.

### 11. Assumptions

For optimal performance, the algorithms assume that the output buffer is aligned on *qword* (8 byte) boundary. If it is aligned on 4 byte boundary, 4 bytes from the previous iteration and 4 bytes from the current iteration should be packed into *qword*. Then, write the 8 bytes to a *qword* aligned address. *Qword* writes are almost twice as fast as *dword* writes.

The code sample found in Appendix 5 are optimized for the Pentium® processor. The code samples for YUV to RGB24 converter with lookup tables is also optimized to avoid partial stalls on the Pentium Pro® processor.

### 12. Appendix 1. Definition of palette (used for color space conversion to RGB8 ).

As mentioned before, the first and last 10 colors are reserved by the operating system. Therefore, the first entry in the table corresponds to the 10th entry in the palette table. There are three values for each entry, corresponding to *blue*, *green* and *red* consecutively.

```
unsigned char
PalTable[26*9*3] = {
    0, 39+ 15, 0,
    0, 39+ 24, 0,
    0, 39+ 33, 0,
    0, 39+ 42, 0,
-44+ 51, 39+ 51, 0,
-44+ 60, 39+ 60, -55+ 60,
-44+ 69, 39+ 69, -55+ 69,
-44+ 78, 39+ 78, -55+ 78,
-44+ 87, 39+ 87, -55+ 87,
-44+ 96, 39+ 96, -55+ 96,
-44+105, 39+105, -55+105,
-44+114, 39+114, -55+114,
-44+123, 39+123, -55+123,
-44+132, 39+132, -55+132,
-44+141, 39+141, -55+141,
-44+150, 39+150, -55+150,
-44+159, 39+159, -55+159,
-44+168, 39+168, -55+168,
-44+177, 39+177, -55+177,
-44+186, 39+186, -55+186,
-44+195, 39+195, -55+195,
-44+204, 39+204, -55+204,
-44+213, 39+213, -55+213,
-44+222, 255, -55+222,
-44+231, 255, -55+231,
-44+240, 255, -55+240,
    0, 26+ 15, 0+ 15,
    0, 26+ 24, 0+ 24,
    0, 26+ 33, 0+ 33,
    0, 26+ 42, 0+ 42,
-44+ 51, 26+ 51, 0+ 51,
-44+ 60, 26+ 60, 0+ 60,
-44+ 69, 26+ 69, 0+ 69,
-44+ 78, 26+ 78, 0+ 78,
-44+ 87, 26+ 87, 0+ 87,
-44+ 96, 26+ 96, 0+ 96,
-44+105, 26+105, 0+105,
-44+114, 26+114, 0+114,
-44+123, 26+123, 0+123,
-44+132, 26+132, 0+132,
-44+141, 26+141, 0+141,
-44+150, 26+150, 0+150,
-44+159, 26+159, 0+159,
-44+168, 26+168, 0+168,
-44+177, 26+177, 0+177,
-44+186, 26+186, 0+186,
-44+195, 26+195, 0+195,
-44+204, 26+204, 0+204,
-44+213, 26+213, 0+213,
-44+222, 26+222, 0+222,
-44+231, 255, 0+231,
```

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```
-44+240,      255,      0+240,
      0, 14+ 15, 55+ 15,
      0, 14+ 24, 55+ 24,
      0, 14+ 33, 55+ 33,
      0, 14+ 42, 55+ 42,
-44+ 51, 14+ 51, 55+ 51,
-44+ 60, 14+ 60, 55+ 60,
-44+ 69, 14+ 69, 55+ 69,
-44+ 78, 14+ 78, 55+ 78,
-44+ 87, 14+ 87, 55+ 87,
-44+ 96, 14+ 96, 55+ 96,
-44+105, 14+105, 55+105,
-44+114, 14+114, 55+114,
-44+123, 14+123, 55+123,
-44+132, 14+132, 55+132,
-44+141, 14+141, 55+141,
-44+150, 14+150, 55+150,
-44+159, 14+159, 55+159,
-44+168, 14+168, 55+168,
-44+177, 14+177, 55+177,
-44+186, 14+186, 55+186,
-44+195, 14+195, 55+195,
-44+204, 14+204,      255,
-44+213, 14+213,      255,
-44+222,      255,      255,
-44+231,      255,      255,
-44+240,      255,      255,
      0+ 15, 13+ 15,      0,
      0+ 24, 13+ 24,      0,
      0+ 33, 13+ 33,      0,
      0+ 42, 13+ 42,      0,
      0+ 51, 13+ 51,      0,
      0+ 60, 13+ 60, -55+ 60,
      0+ 69, 13+ 69, -55+ 69,
      0+ 78, 13+ 78, -55+ 78,
      0+ 87, 13+ 87, -55+ 87,
      0+ 96, 13+ 96, -55+ 96,
      0+105, 13+105, -55+105,
      0+114, 13+114, -55+114,
      0+123, 13+123, -55+123,
      0+132, 13+132, -55+132,
      0+141, 13+141, -55+141,
      0+150, 13+150, -55+150,
      0+159, 13+159, -55+159,
      0+168, 13+168, -55+168,
      0+177, 13+177, -55+177,
      0+186, 13+186, -55+186,
      0+195, 13+195, -55+195,
      0+204, 13+204, -55+204,
      0+213, 13+213, -55+213,
      0+222, 13+222, -55+222,
      0+231, 13+231, -55+231,
      0+240, 13+242, -55+240,
      0+ 15,  0+ 15,  0+ 15,
      0+ 24,  0+ 24,  0+ 24,
      0+ 33,  0+ 33,  0+ 33,
      0+ 42,  0+ 42,  0+ 42,
      0+ 51,  0+ 51,  0+ 51,
      0+ 60,  0+ 60,  0+ 60,
      0+ 69,  0+ 69,  0+ 69,
      0+ 78,  0+ 78,  0+ 78,
      0+ 87,  0+ 87,  0+ 87,
      0+ 96,  0+ 96,  0+ 96,
      0+105,  0+105,  0+105,
```

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```
0+114,    0+114,    0+114,
0+123,    0+123,    0+123,
0+132,    0+132,    0+132,
0+141,    0+141,    0+141,
0+150,    0+150,    0+150,
0+159,    0+159,    0+159,
0+168,    0+168,    0+168,
0+177,    0+177,    0+177,
0+186,    0+186,    0+186,
0+195,    0+195,    0+195,
0+204,    0+204,    0+204,
0+213,    0+213,    0+213,
0+222,    0+222,    0+222,
0+231,    0+231,    0+231,
0+240,    0+240,    0+240,
0+ 15,   -13+ 15,   55+ 15,
0+ 24,   -13+ 24,   55+ 24,
0+ 33,   -13+ 33,   55+ 33,
0+ 42,   -13+ 42,   55+ 42,
0+ 51,   -13+ 51,   55+ 51,
0+ 60,   -13+ 60,   55+ 60,
0+ 69,   -13+ 69,   55+ 69,
0+ 78,   -13+ 78,   55+ 78,
0+ 87,   -13+ 87,   55+ 87,
0+ 96,   -13+ 96,   55+ 96,
0+105,   -13+105,   55+105,
0+114,   -13+114,   55+114,
0+123,   -13+123,   55+123,
0+132,   -13+132,   55+132,
0+141,   -13+141,   55+141,
0+150,   -13+150,   55+150,
0+159,   -13+159,   55+159,
0+168,   -13+168,   55+168,
0+177,   -13+177,   55+177,
0+186,   -13+186,   55+186,
0+195,   -13+195,   55+195,
0+204,   -13+204,    255,
0+213,   -13+213,    255,
0+222,   -13+222,    255,
0+231,   -13+231,    255,
0+240,   -13+240,    255,
44+ 15,  -14+ 15,      0,
44+ 24,  -14+ 24,      0,
44+ 33,  -14+ 33,      0,
44+ 42,  -14+ 42,      0,
44+ 51,  -14+ 51,      0,
44+ 60,  -14+ 60,   -55+ 60,
44+ 69,  -14+ 69,   -55+ 69,
44+ 78,  -14+ 78,   -55+ 78,
44+ 87,  -14+ 87,   -55+ 87,
44+ 96,  -14+ 96,   -55+ 96,
44+105,  -14+105,   -55+105,
44+114,  -14+114,   -55+114,
44+123,  -14+123,   -55+123,
44+132,  -14+132,   -55+132,
44+141,  -14+141,   -55+141,
44+150,  -14+150,   -55+150,
44+159,  -14+159,   -55+159,
44+168,  -14+168,   -55+168,
44+177,  -14+177,   -55+177,
44+186,  -14+186,   -55+186,
44+195,  -14+195,   -55+195,
44+204,  -14+204,   -55+204,
    255, -14+213,   -55+213,
```

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```
    255, -14+222, -55+222,
    255, -14+231, -55+231,
    255, -14+242, -55+240,
44+ 15,      0,      0+ 15,
44+ 24,      0,      0+ 24,
44+ 33, -26+ 33,      0+ 33,
44+ 42, -26+ 42,      0+ 42,
44+ 51, -26+ 51,      0+ 51,
44+ 60, -26+ 60,      0+ 60,
44+ 69, -26+ 69,      0+ 69,
44+ 78, -26+ 78,      0+ 78,
44+ 87, -26+ 87,      0+ 87,
44+ 96, -26+ 96,      0+ 96,
44+105, -26+105,      0+105,
44+114, -26+114,      0+114,
44+123, -26+123,      0+123,
44+132, -26+132,      0+132,
44+141, -26+141,      0+141,
44+150, -26+150,      0+150,
44+159, -26+159,      0+159,
44+168, -26+168,      0+168,
44+177, -26+177,      0+177,
44+186, -26+186,      0+186,
44+195, -26+195,      0+195,
44+204, -26+204,      0+204,
    255, -26+213,      0+213,
    255, -26+222,      0+222,
    255, -26+231,      0+231,
    255, -26+240,      0+240,
44+ 15,      0,      55+ 15,
44+ 24,      0,      55+ 24,
44+ 33,      0,      55+ 33,
44+ 42, -39+ 42,      55+ 42,
44+ 51, -39+ 51,      55+ 51,
44+ 60, -39+ 60,      55+ 60,
44+ 69, -39+ 69,      55+ 69,
44+ 78, -39+ 78,      55+ 78,
44+ 87, -39+ 87,      55+ 87,
44+ 96, -39+ 96,      55+ 96,
44+105, -39+105,      55+105,
44+114, -39+114,      55+114,
44+123, -39+123,      55+123,
44+132, -39+132,      55+132,
44+141, -39+141,      55+141,
44+150, -39+150,      55+150,
44+159, -39+159,      55+159,
44+168, -39+168,      55+168,
44+177, -39+177,      55+177,
44+186, -39+186,      55+186,
44+195, -39+195,      55+195,
44+204, -39+204,      255,
    255, -39+213,      255,
    255, -39+222,      255,
    255, -39+231,      255,
    255, -39+240,      255,
};
```

### 13. Appendix 2. Color conversion to *RGB8*.

The noise matrix is 4x4 in size. Therefore, even-numbered and odd-numbered lines have different noise values. However, since every loop processes 2 lines at a time, the noise values for the two lines must be calculated before entering the loop and stored in the appropriate variables.

*tmpV3\_U1low\_bound[esp]* - constants for odd line

*tmpV3\_U1high\_bound[esp]*

*tmpU3\_V1low\_bound[esp]*

*tmpU3\_V1high\_bound[esp]*

*tmpV2\_U0low\_bound[esp]* - constants for even line

*tmpV2\_U0high\_bound[esp]*

*tmpU2\_V0low\_bound[esp]*

*tmpU2\_V0high\_bound[esp]*

*tmpY0\_low[esp]* - Constants for Y values

*tmpY1\_low[esp]*

```

;-----
;
; cxm1281 -- This function performs YUV12 to CLUT8 color conversion for H26x.
;           It dithers among 9 chroma points and 26 luma points, mapping the
;           8 bit luma pels into the 26 luma points by clamping the ends and
;           stepping the luma by 8.
;
;           Color convertor is not destructive.
; Requirement:
;           U and V plane SHOULD be followed by 4 bytes (for read only)
;           Y plane SHOULD be followed by 8 bytes (for read only)
.586P
include iammx.inc
ASSUME ds:FLAT, cs:FLAT, ss:FLAT
;-----
PQ      equ PD
PD      equ DWORD PTR
;-----
;=====
_DATA SEGMENT PARA PUBLIC USE32 'DATA'
    align 8
PUBLIC Y0_low
PUBLIC Y1_low
PUBLIC U_low_value
PUBLIC V_low_value
PUBLIC U2_V0high_bound
PUBLIC U2_V0low_bound
PUBLIC U3_V1high_bound
PUBLIC U3_V1low_bound
PUBLIC V2_U0high_bound
PUBLIC V2_U0low_bound
PUBLIC V3_U1high_bound
PUBLIC V3_U1low_bound
PUBLIC return_from_Y_high
PUBLIC saturate_to_Y_high
PUBLIC clean_MSB_mask
PUBLIC convert_to_sign
if 0 ;old_constants
V2_U0low_bound    dq 0f3ebfbe3f3ebfbe3h    ; 746c7c64746c7c64 - 8080808080808080
    U2_V0low_bound    dq 0ebf3e3fbefb3e3fbh    ; 6c74647c6c74647c - 8080808080808080

```

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```
_V2_U0low_bound    dq 0f3ebfbef3f3ebfbef3h    ; 746c7c64746c7c64 - 8080808080808080
U3_V1low_bound     dq 0e3fbefbf3e3fbefbf3h    ; 647c6c74647c6c74 - 8080808080808080
_V3_U1low_bound    dq 0f3ebfbef3f3ebfbef3h    ; 7c64746c7c64746c - 8080808080808080
_U3_V1low_bound    dq 0e3fbefbf3e3fbefbf3h    ; 647c6c74647c6c74 - 8080808080808080
V2_U0high_bound    dq 130b1b03130b1b03h    ; 948c9c84948c9c84 - 8080808080808080
_U2_V0high_bound   dq 0b13031b0b13031bh    ; 8c94849c8c94849c - 8080808080808080
_V2_U0high_bound   dq 130b1b03130b1b03h    ; 948c9c84948c9c84 - 8080808080808080
U3_V1high_bound    dq 031b0b13031b0b13h    ; 849c8c94849c8c94 - 8080808080808080
_V3_U1high_bound   dq 1b03130b1b03130bh    ; 9c84948c9c84948c - 8080808080808080
_U3_V1high_bound   dq 031b0b13031b0b13h    ; 849c8c94849c8c94 - 8080808080808080
U_low_value        dq 1a1a1a1a1a1a1alah
V_low_value        dq 4e4e4e4e4e4e4eh
else ; new constants
V2_U0low_bound     dq 0ebf3e3fbefbf3e3fbh    ; 6c74647c6c74647c - 8080808080808080
_U2_V0low_bound    dq 0f3ebfbef3f3ebfbef3h    ; 746c7c64746c7c64 - 8080808080808080
_V2_U0low_bound    dq 0ebf3e3fbefbf3e3fbh    ; 6c74647c6c74647c - 8080808080808080
U3_V1low_bound     dq 0f3ebfbef3e3fbefbf3h    ; 7c64746c7c64746c - 8080808080808080
_V3_U1low_bound    dq 0e3fbefbf3e3fbefbf3h    ; 647c6c74647c6c74 - 8080808080808080
_U3_V1low_bound    dq 0f3ebfbef3f3ebfbef3h    ; 7c64746c7c64746c - 8080808080808080
V2_U0high_bound    dq 0b13031b0b13031bh    ; 8c94849c8c94849c - 8080808080808080
_U2_V0high_bound   dq 130b1b03130b1b03h    ; 948c9c84948c9c84 - 8080808080808080
_V2_U0high_bound   dq 0b13031b0b13031bh    ; 8c94849c8c94849c - 8080808080808080
U3_V1high_bound    dq 1b03130b1b03130bh    ; 9c84948c9c84948c - 8080808080808080
_V3_U1high_bound   dq 031b0b13031b0b13h    ; 849c8c94849c8c94 - 8080808080808080
_U3_V1high_bound   dq 1b03130b1b03130bh    ; 9c84948c9c84948c - 8080808080808080
V_low_value        dq 1a1a1a1a1a1a1alah
U_low_value        dq 4e4e4e4e4e4e4eh
endif
convert_to_sign    dq 8080808080808080h
; Y0_low,Y1_low are arrays
Y0_low             dq 1719151b1719151bh    ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0402060004020600 ; for line%4=0
                  dq 19171b1519171b15h    ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0204000602040006 ; for line%4=2
Y1_low             dq 151b1719151b1719h    ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0600040206000402 ; for line%4=1
                  dq 1b1519171b151917h    ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0006020400060204 ; for line%4=3
clean_MSB_mask     dq 1f1f1f1f1f1f1f1fh
saturate_to_Y_high dq 0e6e6e6e6e6e6e6eh    ; ffh-19h
return_from_Y_high dq 0dcdcdcdcdcdcdcdch    ; ffh-19h-ah (return back and ADD ah);
_DATA ENDS
;=====
U_low              equ mm6
V_low              equ mm7
U_high             equ U_low
V_high             equ V_low
LocalsRelativeToEBP = 0
RegisterStorageSize = 16
LocalFrameSize    = End_of_locals
; Arguments:
arg_YPlane         = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 4
arg_UPlane         = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 8
arg_VPlane         = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 12
arg_FrameWidth     = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 16
arg_FrameHeight    = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 20
arg_YPitch         = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 24
arg_ChromaPitch     = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 28
arg_AspectAdjustmentCount = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 32
arg_ColorConvertedFrame = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 36
arg_DCIOffset      = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 40
arg_CCOffsetToLine0 = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 44
arg_CCOPitch       = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 48
EndOfArgList       = LocalsRelativeToEBP + RegisterStorageSize + 56
; LocalFrameSize (on local stack frame)
tmpV2_U0low_bound  = 0 ; qw
tmpU2_V0low_bound  = 8 ; qw
tmpU3_V1low_bound  = 16 ; qw
```



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```
tmpV3_Ullow_bound      = 24      ; qw
tmpV2_U0high_bound     = 32      ; qw
tmpU2_V0high_bound     = 40      ; qw
tmpU3_Vlhigh_bound     = 48      ; qw
tmpV3_Ulhigh_bound     = 56      ; qw
tmpY0_low              = 64      ; qw
tmpY1_low              = 72      ; qw
tmpBlockParity         = 80
AspectCount            = 84
tmpYCursorEven         = 88
tmpYCursorOdd          = 92
tmpCCOPitch            = 96
Old_esp                = 100
End_of_locals          = 104
LCL EQU <esp>
;=====
; extern void "C" MMX_YUV12ToCLUT8 (
;
;                                U8* YPlane,
;                                U8* UPlane,
;                                U8* VPlane,
;                                UN  FrameWidth,
;                                UN  FrameHeight,
;                                UN  YPitch,
;                                UN  VPitch,
;                                UN  AspectAdjustmentCount,
;                                U8* ColorConvertedFrame,
;                                U32 DCIOffset,
;                                U32 CCOffsetToLine0,
;                                int  CCOPitch,
;                                int  CCType)
;
; The local variables are on the stack.
; The tables are in the one and only data segment.
;
; CCOffsetToLine0 is relative to ColorConvertedFrame.
;
PUBLIC C MMX_YUV12ToCLUT8
_TEXT SEGMENT DWORD PUBLIC USE32 'CODE'
MMX_YUV12ToCLUT8:
    push esi
    push edi
    push ebp
    push ebx
    mov  ebp,esp
    sub  esp,LocalFrameSize
    and  esp,0fffffff8h
    mov  [esp+Old_esp],ebp
    mov  ecx,[ebp+arg_YPitch]
    mov  ebx,[ebp+arg_FrameWidth]
    mov  eax,[ebp+arg_YPlane]
    add  eax,ebx          ; Points to end of Y even line
    mov  tmpYCursorEven[esp],eax
    add  eax,ecx          ; add YPitch
    mov  tmpYCursorOdd[esp],eax
    lea  edx,[edx+2*ebx]  ; final value of Y-odd-pointer
    mov  esi,PD [ebp+arg_VPlane]
    mov  edx,PD [ebp+arg_UPlane]
    mov  eax,PD [ebp+arg_ColorConvertedFrame]
    add  eax,PD [ebp+arg_DCIOffset]
    add  eax,PD [ebp+arg_CCOffsetToLine0]
    sar  ebx,1
    add  esi,ebx
    add  edx,ebx
    lea  edi,[eax+2*ebx]  ; CCOCursor
```

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```
    mov     ecx,[ebp+arg_AspectAdjustmentCount]
    mov     AspectCount[esp],ecx
    test    ecx,ecx      ; if AspectCount=0 we should not drop any lines
    jnz     non_zero_AspectCount
    dec     ecx
non_zero_AspectCount:
    mov     AspectCount[esp],ecx
    cmp     ecx,1
    jbe     finish
    neg     ebx
    mov     [ebp+arg_FrameWidth],ebx
    movq    mm6,PQ_U_low_value      ; store some frequently used values in registers
    movq    mm7,PQ_V_low_value
    xor     eax,eax
    mov     tmpBlockParity[esp],eax

; Register Usage:
;
; esi -- points to the end of V Line
; edx -- points to the end of U Line.
; edi -- points to the end of even line of output.
; ebp -- points to the end of odd line of output.
;
; ecx -- points to the end of even/odd Y Line
; eax -- 8*(line&2) == 0, on line%4=0,1
;           == 8, on line%4=2,3
;           in the loop, eax points to the end of even Y line
; ebx -- Number of points, we havn't done yet. (multiplied by -0.5)
;
;
;-----
; Noise matrix is of size 4x4 , so we have different noise values in even pair of lines,
; and in odd pair of lines. But in our loop we are doing 2 lines. So here we are preparing
; constants for next two lines.
; This code is done each time we are starting to convert next pair of lines.
PrepareNext2Lines:
    mov     eax,tmpBlockParity[esp]
;constants for odd line
    movq    mm0,PQ_V3_U1low_bound[eax]
    movq    mm1,PQ_V3_U1high_bound[eax]
    movq    mm2,PQ_U3_V1low_bound[eax]
    movq    mm3,PQ_U3_V1high_bound[eax]
    PQ tmpV3_U1low_bound[esp],mm0
    movq    PQ tmpV3_U1high_bound[esp],mm1
    movq    PQ tmpU3_V1low_bound[esp],mm2
    movq    PQ tmpU3_V1high_bound[esp],mm3
;constants for even line
    movq    mm0,PQ_V2_U0low_bound[eax]
    movq    mm1,PQ_V2_U0high_bound[eax]
    movq    mm2,PQ_U2_V0low_bound[eax]
    movq    mm3,PQ_U2_V0high_bound[eax]
    PQ tmpV2_U0low_bound[esp],mm0
    movq    PQ tmpV2_U0high_bound[esp],mm1
    movq    PQ tmpU2_V0low_bound[esp],mm2
    movq    PQ tmpU2_V0high_bound[esp],mm3
; Constants for Y values
    movq    mm4,PQ_Y0_low[eax]
    movq    mm5,PQ_Y1_low[eax]
    xor     eax,8
    mov     tmpBlockParity[esp],eax
    movq    PQ tmpY0_low[esp],mm4
    movq    PQ tmpY1_low[esp],mm5
; if AspectCount<2 we should skip a line. In this case we are steel doing two
```

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```
; lines, but output pointers are the same, so we just overwriting line which we should skip
mov     eax,[ebp+arg_CCOPitch]
mov     ebx, AspectCount[esp]
xor     ecx,ecx
sub     ebx,2
mov     tmpCCOPitch[esp],eax
ja      continue
mov     eax,[ebp+arg_AspectAdjustmentCount]
mov     tmpCCOPitch[esp],ecx      ; 0
lea     ebx,[ebx+eax]      ; calculate new AspectCount
jnz     continue      ; skiping even line
;skip_odd_line
mov     eax,tmpYCursorEven[esp]
; set odd constants to be equal to even_constants
; Odd line will be performed as even
movq    PQ tmpV3_U1low_bound[esp],mm0
movq    PQ tmpV3_U1high_bound[esp],mm1
movq    PQ tmpU3_V1low_bound[esp],mm2
movq    PQ tmpU3_V1high_bound[esp],mm3
movq    PQ tmpY1_low[esp],mm4
mov     tmpYCursorOdd[esp],eax
; when we got here, we already did all preparations.
; we are entering a main loop which is starts at do_next_8x2_block label
continue:
mov     AspectCount[esp],ebx

mov     ebx,[ebp+arg_FrameWidth]
mov     ebp,edi
add     ebp,tmpCCOPitch[esp]      ; ebp points to the end of odd line of output
mov     eax,tmpYCursorEven[esp]
mov     ecx,tmpYCursorOdd[esp]
movdtd  mm0,[edx+ebx]      ; read 4 U points
movdtd  mm2,[esi+ebx]      ; read 4 V points
punpcklbw mm0,mm0      ; u3:u3:u2:u2|u1:u1:u0:u0
psubb   mm0,PQ convert_to_sign
punpcklbw mm2,mm2      ; v3:v3:v2:v2|v1:v1:v0:v0
movq    mm4,[eax+2*ebx]      ; read 8 Y points from even line
movq    mm1,mm0      ; u3:u3:u2:u2|u1:u1:u0:u0
do_next_8x2_block:
psubb   mm2,PQ convert_to_sign ; convert to sign range (for comparison)
movq    mm5,mm1      ; u3:u3:u2:u2|u1:u1:u0:u0
pcmpgtb mm0,PQ tmpV2_U0low_bound[esp]
movq    mm3,mm2

pcmpgtb mm1,PQ tmpV2_U0high_bound[esp]
pand    mm0,U_low
psubusb mm4,PQ tmpY0_low[esp]
pand    mm1,U_high
pcmpgtb mm2,PQ tmpU2_V0low_bound[esp]
psrlq   mm4,3
pand    mm4,PQ clean_MSB_mask
pand    mm2,V_low

paddusb mm4,PQ saturate_to_Y_high
paddb   mm0,mm1      ; U03:U03:U02:U02|U01:U01:U00:U00
psubusb mm4,PQ return_from_Y_high
movq    mm1,mm5
pcmpgtb mm5,PQ tmpV3_U1low_bound[esp]
paddb   mm0,mm2
pcmpgtb mm1,PQ tmpV3_U1high_bound[esp]
pand    mm5,U_low
paddb   mm0,mm4
movq    mm2,mm3
pcmpgtb mm3,PQ tmpU2_V0high_bound[esp]
```

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```
    pand     mm1,U_high
    movq     mm4,[ecx+2*ebx]      ; read next 8 Y points from odd line
    paddb    mm5,mm1             ; u impact on odd line
    psubusb  mm4,PQ tmpY1_low[esp]
    movq     mm1,mm2
    pcmpgtb  mm2,PQ tmpU3_V1low_bound[esp]
    psrlq    mm4,3
    pand     mm4,PQ clean_MSB_mask
    pand     mm2,V_low
    paddusb  mm4,PQ saturate_to_Y_high
    padd     mm5,mm2
    psubusb  mm4,PQ return_from_Y_high
    pand     mm3,V_high
    pcmpgtb  mm1,PQ tmpU3_V1high_bound[esp]
    paddb    mm3,mm0
    movdt     mm0,[edx+ebx+4]      ; read next 4 U points
    pand     mm1,V_high
    movdt     mm2,[esi+ebx+4]      ; read next 4 V points
    padd     mm5,mm4
    movq     mm4,[eax+2*ebx+8]    ; read next 8 Y points from even line
    paddb    mm5,mm1
    psubb     mm0,PQ convert_to_sign
    punpcklbw mm2,mm2             ; v3:v3:v2:v2|v1:v1:v0:v0
    movq     [edi+2*ebx],mm3      ; write even line
    punpcklbw mm0,mm0             ; u3:u3:u2:u2|u1:u1:u0:u0
    movq     [ebp+2*ebx],mm5      ; write odd line
    movq     mm1,mm0             ; u3:u3:u2:u2|u1:u1:u0:u0
    add      ebx,4
    jl       do_next_8x2_block

; update pointers to input and output buffers, to point to the next lines
    mov      ebp,[esp+Old_esp]
    mov      eax,tmpYCursorEven[esp]
    mov      ecx,[ebp+arg_YPitch]
    add      edi,[ebp+arg_CCOPitch]      ; go to the end of next line
    add      edi,tmpCCOPitch[esp]        ; skip odd line
    lea      eax,[eax+2*ecx]
    mov      tmpYCursorEven[esp],eax
    add      eax,[ebp+arg_YPitch]
    mov      tmpYCursorOdd[esp],eax
    add      esi,[ebp+arg_ChromaPitch]
    add      edx,[ebp+arg_ChromaPitch]
    sub     PD [ebp+arg_FrameHeight],2
    ja       PrepareNext2Lines

;-----
finish:

    emms

    mov      esp,[esp+Old_esp]
    pop      ebx
    pop      ebp
    pop      edi
    pop      esi
    ret
_TEXT ENDS
END
```

## 14. Appendix 3. Color conversion to RGB8 zoom by 2.

This algorithm uses the same constants as the previous RGB8 algorithm

```

;-----
;
; cxml282 -- This function performs YUV12 to CLUT8 zoom-by-2 color conversion
;           for H26x. It dithers among 9 chroma points and 26 luma
;           points, mapping the 8 bit luma pels into the 26 luma points by
;           clamping the ends and stepping the luma by 8.
;
;           1. The color convertor is destructive; the input Y, U, and V
;              planes will be clobbered. The Y plane MUST be preceded by
;              1544 bytes of space for scratch work.
;           2. U and V planes should be preceded by 4 bytes (for read only)
;
include locals.inc
include iammx.inc
    ASSUME ds:FLAT, cs:FLAT, ss:FLAT
.586
.xlist
.list
;-----
PQ      equ PD
;-----
;=====
MMXDATA1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'DATA'
ALIGN 8
;convert_to_sign      dq  8080808080808080h
;V2_U0low_bound       dq  0f3ebf3ebf3ebf3eh ; 746c7c64746c7c64 - 8080808080808080
;V2_U0high_bound      dq  130b1b03130b1b03h ; 948c9c84948c9c84 - 8080808080808080
;U2_V0low_bound       dq  0ebf3e3fbef3e3fbh ; 6c74647c6c74647c - 8080808080808080
;U2_V0high_bound      dq  0b13031b0b13031bh ; 8c94849c8c94849c - 8080808080808080
;U_low_value          dq  1a1a1a1a1a1a1alah
;V_low_value          dq  4e4e4e4e4e4e4eh
;Y0_correct           dq  1b1519171b151917h ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0006020400060204
;Y1_correct           dq  19171b1519171b15h ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0204000602040006
;Y2_correct           dq  151b1719151b1719h ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0402060004020600
;Y3_correct           dq  1719151b1719151bh ; 1b1b1b1b1b1b1b1b - 0600040206000402
;clean_MSB_mask       dq  1f1f1f1f1f1f1f1fh
;saturate_to_Y_high    dq  0e6e6e6e6e6e6eh ; ffh-19h
;return_from_Y_high   dq  0dcdcdcdcdcdcdcdch ; ffh-19h-ah (return back and ADD ah);
extrn convert_to_sign:qword
extrn V2_U0low_bound:qword
extrn V2_U0high_bound:qword
extrn U2_V0low_bound:qword
extrn U2_V0high_bound:qword
extrn U_low_value:qword
extrn V_low_value:qword
extrn Y0_low:qword
extrn Y1_low:qword
extrn clean_MSB_mask:qword
extrn saturate_to_Y_high:qword
extrn return_from_Y_high:qword
Y0_correct      equ Y1_low+8
Y1_correct      equ Y0_low+8
Y2_correct      equ Y1_low
Y3_correct      equ Y0_low
U_high_value     equ U_low_value
V_high_value     equ V_low_value
MMXDATA1 ENDS
;=====

```

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```
LocalFrameSize      = 24
RegisterStorageSize = 16
; Arguments:
YPlane              = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 4
UPlane              = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 8
VPlane              = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 12
FrameWidth          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 16
FrameHeight         = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 20
YPitch              = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 24
ChromaPitch         = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 28
AspectAdjustmentCount = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 32
ColorConvertedFrame = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 36
DCIOffset           = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 40
CCOffsetToLine0     = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 44
CCOPitch            = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 48
EndOfArgList        = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 56
; Locals (on local stack frame)
CCOCursor           = 0
DistanceFromVToU    = 4
AspectCount         = 8
CCOLine1            = 12
CCOLine2            = 16
CCOLine3            = 20
LCL EQU <esp+>
;=====
MMXCODE1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'CODE'
; extern void "C" MMX_YUV12ToCLUT8ZoomBy2 (
;
;             U8* YPlane,
;             U8* UPlane,
;             U8* VPlane,
;             UN  FrameWidth,
;             UN  FrameHeight,
;             UN  YPitch,
;             UN  VPitch,
;             UN  AspectAdjustmentCount,
;             U8* ColorConvertedFrame,
;             U32 DCIOffset,
;             U32 CCOffsetToLine0,
;             int CCOPitch,
;             int CCType)
;
; The local variables are on the stack.
; The tables are in the one and only data segment.
;
; CCOffsetToLine0 is relative to ColorConvertedFrame.
;
PUBLIC C MMX_YUV12ToCLUT8ZoomBy2
MMX_YUV12ToCLUT8ZoomBy2:
    push esi
    push edi
    push ebp
    push ebx
    sub esp,LocalFrameSize
    mov ebx,PD [esp+VPlane]
    mov ecx,PD [esp+UPlane]
    sub ecx,ebx
    mov PD [esp+DistanceFromVToU],ecx
    mov eax,PD [esp+ColorConvertedFrame]
    add eax,PD [esp+DCIOffset]
    add eax,PD [esp+CCOffsetToLine0]
    mov PD [esp+CCOCursor],eax
;    Ledx FrameHeight
;    Lecx YPitch
;    imul edx,ecx
```

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```
Ledi CCOPitch
Lesi YPlane                ; Fetch cursor over luma plane.
Seax CCOCursor
; add edx,esi
; Sedx YLimit
Ledx AspectAdjustmentCount
Sedx AspectCount
mov edi,esi
Lebx FrameWidth
Leax CCOCursor
sar ebx,1
sub ebx,4                  ; counter starts from maxvalue-4, and in last iteration it
equals 0
mov ecx,eax
ADDedi YPitch              ; edi = odd Y line cursor
ADDecx CCOPitch
Sebx FrameWidth
Secx CCOLine1
Lebx CCOPitch
; in each outer loop iteration, 4 lines of output are done.
; in each inner loop iteration block 4x16 of output is done.
; main task of outer loop is to prepare pointers for inner loop
NextFourLines:
; prepare output pointers
; ebx=CCOPitch
; eax=CCOLine0
; ecx=CCOLine1
Lebp AspectCount
sub ebp,2
ja continue1              ; jump if it still>0
ADDebp AspectAdjustmentCount
mov ecx,eax                ; Output1 will overwrite Output0 line
Secx CCOLine1
continue1:
lea edx,[ecx+ebx]
sub ebp,2
Sedx CCOLine2
ja continue2              ; jump if it still>0
ADDebp AspectAdjustmentCount
xor ebx,ebx                ; Output1 will overwrite Output0 line
continue2:
Sebp AspectCount
lea ebp,[edx+ebx]
Sebp CCOLine3
; output pointers are done
; Inner loop does 4x16 block of output points
; Register Usage
;
; esi -- Cursor over even Y line
; edi -- Cursor over odd Y line
; edx -- Cursor over V line
; ebp -- Cursor over U line.
; eax -- cursor over Output
; ecx -- cursor over Output1,2,3
; ebx -- counter
Lebp VPlane
Lebx FrameWidth
mov edx,ebp
ADDebp DistanceFromVToU    ; Cursor over U line.
movdt mm3,[ebp+ebx]        ; read 4 U points
movdt mm2,[edx+ebx]        ; read 4 V points
punpcklbw mm3,mm3          ; u3:u3:u2:u2|u1:u1:u0:u0
prepare_next4x8:
psubb mm3,PQ convert_to_sign
```

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```
punpcklbw mm2,mm2          ; v3:v3:v2:v2|v1:v1:v0:v0
psubb mm2,PQ_convert_to_sign
movq mm4,mm3
movdt mm7,[esi+2*ebx]      ; read even Y line
punpcklwd mm3,mm3          ; u1:u1:u1:u1|u0:u0:u0:u0
Lecx CCOLine1
movq mm1,mm3
pcmpgtb mm3,PQ_V2_U0low_bound
punpcklbw mm7,mm7          ; y3:y3:y2:y2|y1:y1:y0:y0
pand mm3,PQ_U_low_value
movq mm5,mm7
psubusb mm7,PQ_Y0_correct
movq mm6,mm2
pcmpgtb mm1,PQ_V2_U0high_bound
punpcklwd mm2,mm2          ; v1:v1:v1:v1|v0:v0:v0:v0
pand mm1,PQ_U_high_value
psrlq mm7,3
pand mm7,PQ_clean_MSB_mask
movq mm0,mm2
pcmpgtb mm2,PQ_U2_V0low_bound
; empty slot !!!!
pcmpgtb mm0,PQ_U2_V0high_bound
paddb mm3,mm1
pand mm2,PQ_V_low_value
pand mm0,PQ_V_high_value
; two empty slots !!!!
paddusb mm7,PQ_saturate_to_Y_high
paddb mm3,mm2
psubusb mm7,PQ_return_from_Y_high ; Y impact on line0
padd mm3,mm0                  ; common U,V impact on line 0
psubusb mm5,PQ_Y1_correct
paddb mm7,mm3                  ; final value of line 0
movq mm0,mm3                  ; u31:u21:u11:u01|u30:u20:u10:u00
psrlq mm5,3
pand mm5,PQ_clean_MSB_mask
psrl d mm0,16                  ;      :u31:u21|      :u30:u20
paddusb mm5,PQ_saturate_to_Y_high
psll d mm3,16                  ; u11:u01:      :|u10:u00:      :
psubusb mm5,PQ_return_from_Y_high ; Y impact on line0
por mm0,mm3                    ; u11:u01:u31:u21|u10:u00:u30:u20
movdt mm3,[edi+2*ebx]          ; odd Y line
paddb mm5,mm0                  ; final value of line 0
punpcklbw mm3,mm3              ; y3:y3:y2:y2|y1:y1:y0:y0
movq mm2,mm0                  ; u11:u01:u31:u21|u10:u00:u30:u20
movq [ecx+4*ebx],mm5           ; write Output1 line
movq mm1,mm3
movq [eax+4*ebx],mm7           ; write Output0 line
psrlw mm0,8                    ;      :u11:      :u31|      :u10:      :u30
psubusb mm1,PQ_Y3_correct
psllw mm2,8                    ; u01:      :u21:      :|u00:      :u20:
psubusb mm3,PQ_Y2_correct
psrlq mm1,3
pand mm1,PQ_clean_MSB_mask
por mm0,mm2                    ; u01:u11:u21:u31|u00:u10:u20:u30
paddusb mm1,PQ_saturate_to_Y_high
psrlq mm3,3
psubusb mm1,PQ_return_from_Y_high
movq mm5,mm0                  ; u01:u11:u21:u31|u00:u10:u20:u30
pand mm3,PQ_clean_MSB_mask
paddb mm1,mm0
paddusb mm3,PQ_saturate_to_Y_high
psrl d mm5,16
psubusb mm3,PQ_return_from_Y_high
psll d mm0,16
```



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```
Lecx    CCOLine3
por     mm5,mm0                ; u21:u31:u01:u11|u20:u30:u00:u10
movdt   mm2,[esi+2*ebx+4]      ; read next even Y line
paddb   mm5,mm3
movq    [ecx+4*ebx],mm1        ; write Output3 line
punpckhwd mm4,mm4             ; u3:u3:u3:u3|u2:u2:u2:u2
; start next 4x8 block of output
; SECOND uv-QWORD
; mm6, mm4 are live
Lecx    CCOLine2
movq    mm3,mm4
pcmpgtb mm4,PQ V2_U0low_bound
punpckhwd mm6,mm6
movq    [ecx+4*ebx],mm5        ; write Output2 line
movq    mm7,mm6
pand    mm4,PQ U_low_value
punpcklbw mm2,mm2             ; y3:y3:y2:y2|y1:y1:y0:y0
pcmpgtb mm3,PQ V2_U0high_bound
movq    mm5,mm2
pand    mm3,PQ U_high_value
pcmpgtb mm6,PQ U2_V0low_bound
paddb   mm4,mm3
pand    mm6,PQ V_low_value
pcmpgtb mm7,PQ U2_V0high_bound
paddb   mm4,mm6
pand    mm7,PQ V_high_value
psubusb mm2,PQ Y0_correct
paddb   mm4,mm7
psubusb mm5,PQ Y1_correct
psrlq   mm2,3
pand    mm2,PQ clean_MSB_mask
movq    mm3,mm4                ; u31:u21:u11:u01|u30:u20:u10:u00
paddusb mm2,PQ saturate_to_Y_high
pslld   mm3,16                 ; u11:u01:    :    |u10:u00:    :
psubusb mm2,PQ return_from_Y_high
psrlq   mm5,3
pand    mm5,PQ clean_MSB_mask
paddb   mm2,mm4                ; MM4=u31:u21:u11:u01|u30:u20:u10:u00, WHERE U STANDS FOR UNATED U
AND V IMPACTS
paddusb mm5,PQ saturate_to_Y_high
psrld   mm4,16                 ;    :    :u31:u21|    :    :u30:u20
psubusb mm5,PQ return_from_Y_high
por     mm4,mm3                ; u11:u01:u31:u21|u10:u00:u30:u20
paddb   mm5,mm4
Lecx    CCOLine1
movdt   mm0,[edi+2*ebx+4]      ; read odd Y line
movq    mm7,mm4                ; u11:u01:u31:u21|u10:u00:u30:u20
movq    [ecx+4*ebx+8],mm5      ; write Output1 line
punpcklbw mm0,mm0             ; y3:y3:y2:y2|y1:y1:y0:y0
movq    [eax+4*ebx+8],mm2      ; write Output0 line
movq    mm1,mm0
psubusb mm1,PQ Y2_correct
psrlw   mm4,8                  ;    :u11:    :u31|    :u10:    :u30
psubusb mm0,PQ Y3_correct
psrlq   mm1,3
pand    mm1,PQ clean_MSB_mask
psllw   mm7,8                  ; u01:    :u21:    |u00:    :u20:
paddusb mm1,PQ saturate_to_Y_high
por     mm4,mm7                ; u01:u11:u21:u31|u00:u10:u20:u30
psubusb mm1,PQ return_from_Y_high
psrlq   mm0,3
pand    mm0,PQ clean_MSB_mask
movq    mm5,mm4                ; u01:u11:u21:u31|u00:u10:u20:u30
paddusb mm0,PQ saturate_to_Y_high
```

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```
psrld    mm5,16
psubusb  mm0,PQ_return_from_Y_high
paddb    mm0,mm4
lecx     CCOLine3
movdt    mm3,[ebp+ebx-4]          ; read next 4 U points
pslld    mm4,16
movq     [ecx+4*ebx+8],mm0        ; write Output3 line
por      mm5,mm4                 ; u21:u31:u01:u11|u20:u30:u00:u10
paddb    mm5,mm1
lecx     CCOLine2
movdt    mm2,[edx+ebx-4]          ; read next 4 V points
punpcklbw mm3,mm3                ; u3:u3:u2:u2|u1:u1:u0:u0
movq     [ecx+4*ebx+8],mm5        ; write Output2 line
sub      ebx,4
jae      prepare_next4x8
lebx     CCOPitch
lecx     CCOLine3
lebp     YPitch
ledx     VPlane
lea      eax,[ecx+ebx]            ; next Output0 = old Output3 + CCOPitch
lea      ecx,[ecx+2*ebx]          ; next Output1 = old Output3 + 2* CCOPitch
ADDedx   ChromaPitch
Secx     CCOLine1
lea      esi,[esi+2*ebp]          ; even Y line cursor goes to next line
lea      edi,[edi+2*ebp]          ; odd Y line cursor goes to next line
Sedx     VPlane                  ; edx will point to V plane
sub      PD_FrameHeight[esp],2
ja       NextFourLines
emms
add      esp,LocalFrameSize
pop      ebx
pop      ebp
pop      edi
pop      esi
retn
MMXCODE1 ENDS
END
```

### 15. Appendix 4. Color conversion to *RGB24*.

This code sample is an optimized version of color conversion from *YUV12* to *RGB24* format.

```
-----
; cx512241 -- This function performs YUV12-to-RGB24 color conversion for H26x.
;             It is tuned for best performance on the Pentium(r) Microprocessor.
;             It handles the format in which the low order byte is B, the
;             second byte is G, and the high order byte is R.
;
;             The YUV12 input is planar, 8 bits per pel. The Y plane may have
;             a pitch of up to 768. It may have a width less than or equal
;             to the pitch. It must be DWORD aligned, and preferably QWORD
;             aligned. Pitch and Width must be a multiple of four. For best
;             performance, Pitch should not be 4 more than a multiple of 32.
;             Height may be any amount, but must be a multiple of two. The U
;             and V planes may have a different pitch than the Y plane, subject
;             to the same limitations.
;
;             The color convertor is destructive; the input Y, U, and V
;             planes will be clobbered. The Y plane MUST be preceded by
;             3104 bytes of space for scratch work.
OPTION PROLOGUE:None
OPTION EPILOGUE:ReturnAndRelieveEpilogueMacro
include iammx.inc
include locals.inc
.xlist
.list
.DATA
; any data would go here
    ALIGN 8
sixty_four dd 40404040h, 40404040h
include small_ta.asm
.CODE
    ASSUME ds:FLAT, cs:FLAT, ss:FLAT
; void FAR ASM_CALLTYPE MMX_YUV12ToRGB24 (
;                                     U8* YPlane,
;                                     U8* UPlane,
;                                     U8* VPlane,
;                                     UN  FrameWidth,
;                                     UN  FrameHeight,
;                                     UN  YPitch,
;                                     UN  VPitch,
;                                     UN  AspectAdjustmentCount,
;                                     U8* ColorConvertedFrame,
;                                     U32 DCIOffset,
;                                     U32 CCOffsetToLine0,
;                                     IN  CCOPitch,
;                                     IN  CCType)
;
; The local variables are on the stack.
; The tables are in the one and only data segment.
;
; CCOffsetToLine0 is relative to ColorConvertedFrame.
;
PUBLIC C_YUV12ToRGB24
; due to the need for the ebp reg, these parameter declarations aren't used,
; they are here so the assembler knows how many bytes to relieve from the stack
LocalFrameSize = 40
RegisterStorageSize = 16
; Arguments:
; Arguments:
```

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```
YPlane          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 4
UPlane          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 8
VPlane          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 12
FrameWidth      = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 16
FrameHeight     = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 20
YPitch          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 24
ChromaPitch     = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 28
AspectAdjustmentCount = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 32
ColorConvertedFrame = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 36
DCIOffset       = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 40
CCOffsetToLine0 = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 44
CCOPitch        = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 48
EndOfArgList     = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 52
; Locals (on local stack frame)
CCOCursor       = 0
CCOSkipDistance = 4
ChromaLineLen   = 8
YSkipDistance   = 12
YCursor         = 16
DistanceFromVToU = 20
tmpYCursorEven  = 24
tmpYCursorOdd   = 28
tmpCCOPitch     = 32
AspectCount     = 36
LCL EQU <esp+>
YUV12ToRGB24:
    push esi
    push edi
    push ebp
    push ebx

    sub esp,LocalFrameSize
    mov ebx,PD [esp+VPlane]
    mov ecx,PD [esp+UPlane]
    sub ecx,ebx
    mov PD [esp+DistanceFromVToU],ecx
    mov eax,PD [esp+ColorConvertedFrame]
    add eax,PD [esp+DCIOffset]
    add eax,PD [esp+CCOffsetToLine0]
    mov PD [esp+CCOCursor],eax
; Ledx FrameHeight
; Lecx YPitch
; imul edx,ecx ; FrameHeight*YPitch
Lebx FrameWidth
Leax CCOPitch
sub eax,ebx ; CCOPitch-FrameWidth
sub ecx,ebx ; YPitch-FrameWidth
sub eax,ebx ; CCOPitch-2*FrameWidth
Secx YSkipDistance
sub eax,ebx ; CCOPitch-3*FrameWidth
Lesi YPlane ; Fetch cursor over luma plane.
sar ebx,1 ; FrameWidth/2
Seax CCOSkipDistance ; CCOPitch-3*FrameWidth
add edx,esi ; YPlane+Size_of_Y_array
Sebx ChromaLineLen ; FrameWidth/2
; Sedx YLimit
; Sesi YCursor
Ledx AspectAdjustmentCount
Lesi VPlane
    test edx,edx ; if AspectCount=0 we should not drop any lines
    jnz non_zero_AspectCount
    dec edx
non_zero_AspectCount:
    Sedx AspectAdjustmentCount
```

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```
xor    eax,eax
Lebp   DistanceFromVToU
Ledi   YCursor                ; Fetch Y Pitch.
Lebx   FrameWidth

    add    edi,ebx
    Sedi   tmpYCursorEven
    Leax   YPitch
    add    edi,eax
    Sedi   tmpYCursorOdd
    sar    ebx,1
    add    esi,ebx
    add    ebp,esi
    neg    ebx
    Sebx   FrameWidth
    Ledi   CCOCursor

; Register Usage:
;
; edx -- Y Line cursor.  Chroma contriibs go in lines above current Y line.
; esi -- V Line cursor.
; ebp -- U Line cursor
; edi -- Cursor over the color converted output image.
; ebx -- Number of points, we havn't done yet.
;
;
; ecx -- V contribution to RGB; sum of U and V contributions.
; eax -- Alternately a U and a V pel.
;-----
    sub    edi,12
    movq   mm7,sixty_four
    Leax   AspectAdjustmentCount
    Seax   AspectCount
    cmp    eax,1
    jbe    finish
PrepareChromaLine:
    Lebx   FrameWidth
    Leax   AspectCount
    Ledx   CCOPitch
    xor    ecx,ecx
    sub    eax,2
    Sedx   tmpCCOPitch
    ja     continue
    Leax   AspectAdjustmentCount
    Secx   tmpCCOPitch    ; 0
    jnz    skip_even_line
skip_odd_line:
    Ledx   tmpYCursorEven
    Seax   AspectCount
    Sedx   tmpYCursorOdd
    jmp    do_next_4x2_block
skip_even_line:
    dec    eax

continue:
    Seax   AspectCount
    Ledx   tmpYCursorEven

    xor    eax,eax
    mov    cl,[edx+2*ebx]    ; Ye0
    mov    al,[edx+2*ebx+1] ; Ye1
    movd   mm1,PD Y0[eax*4] ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0:Ye1: Ye1: Ye1
do_next_4x2_block:
    movd   mm3,PD Y0[ecx*4] ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0:Ye0: Ye0: Ye0
```

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```

psllq    mm1,24                ; 0: 0: Ye1: Ye1| Ye1: 0: 0: 0
xor      ecx,ecx
mov      al,[edx+2*ebx+2]      ; Ye2

mov      cl,[edx+2*ebx+3]      ; Ye3
xor      edx,edx
mov      dl,[esi+ebx+1]        ; v1
add      edi,12                ; output
movdt    mm4,PD Y0[eax*4]      ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0: 0:Ye2 : Ye2
por      mm3,mm1               ; 0: 0: Ye1: Ye1| Ye1:Ye0: Ye0: Ye0

movdt    mm5,PD Y0[ecx*4]      ; 0: 0: Ye3: Ye3: Ye3
psllq    mm4,48                ;Ye2 : Ye2: 0: 0| 0: 0: 0: 0
mov      cl,[ebp+ebx]          ; u0
mov      al,[esi+ebx]          ; v0
movq     mm2,PD v0[edx*8]      ; 0: 0: Rv3: Gv3| Bv3: Rv2: Gv2: Bv2    u,v impact on RGB[0]
and RGB[1] is equal
por      mm3,mm4               ;Ye2 : Ye2: Ye1: Ye1| Ye1: Ye0: Ye0: Ye0
movq     mm0,PD u0[ecx*8]      ; 0: 0: Ru1: Gu1| Bu1: Ru0: Gu0: Bu0    u,v impact on RGB[0]
and RGB[1] is equal
psllq    mm5,8                ; 0: 0: Ye3: Ye3: Ye3: 0
mov      cl,[ebp+ebx+1]        ; u1
Ledx     tmpYCursorOdd
paddb    mm0,PD v0[eax*8]      ; 0: 0: Ruv1:Guv1|Buv1:Ruv0:Guv0:Buv0
psrlq    mm4,56                ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0: 0: 0: Ye2

paddb    mm2,PD u0[ecx*8]      ; 0: 0: Ruv3:Guv3|Buv3:Ruv2:Guv2:Buv2
por      mm4,mm5               ; 0: 0: Ye3: Ye3: Ye3: Ye2
movq     mm1,mm2
psllq    mm2,48                ;Guv2:Buv2: 0: 0| 0: 0: 0: 0

psrlq    mm1,16                ; 0: 0: 0: 0|Ruv3:Guv3:Buv3:Ruv2
por      mm0,mm2               ;Guv2:Buv2:Ruv1:Guv1|Buv1:Ruv0:Guv0:Buv0
paddb    mm3,mm0               ; r0:g0:b0:r1|g1:b1:r2:g2
mov      cl,[edx+2*ebx+1]      ; Yo1
mov      al,[edx+2*ebx]        ; Yo0
psubusb  mm3,mm7               ; mm7=sixty_four
movdt    mm6,PD Y0[ecx*4]      ; 0: 0: Ye1: Ye1| Ye1:Ye0: Ye0: Ye0
paddb    mm4,mm1               ; x: x: 0: 0| b2: r3: g3: b3
movdt    mm5,PD Y0[eax*4]      ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0:Ye0: Ye0: Ye0
psubusb  mm4,mm7               ; mm7=sixty_four
psllq    mm6,24                ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0:Ye0: Ye0: Ye0
mov      al,[edx+2*ebx+2]      ; Yo2
paddusb  mm3,mm3
por      mm5,mm6
movdt    mm6,PD Y0[eax*4]      ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0: 0: Ye2: Ye2
paddusb  mm3,mm3
paddusb  mm4,mm4
psllq    mm6,48                ;Ye2: Ye2: 0: 0| 0: 0: 0: 0
movdf    [edi],mm3
paddusb  mm4,mm4
mov      cl,[edx+2*ebx+3]      ; Yo3
psrlq    mm3,32
movdf    [edi+8],mm4
por      mm5,mm6               ;Ye2: Ye2: Ye1: Ye1| Ye1: Ye0: Ye0: Ye0
movdt    mm2,PD Y0[ecx*4]      ; 0: 0: Ye3: Ye3: Ye3: Ye2
paddb    mm5,mm0               ; r0:g0:b0:r1|g1:b1:r2:g2
psllq    mm2,8
Ledx     tmpYCursorEven
psubusb  mm5,mm7               ; mm7=sixty_four
psrlq    mm6,56                ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0: 0: 0: Ye2
por      mm6,mm2               ; 0: 0: Ye3: Ye3: Ye3: Ye2
paddusb  mm5,mm5
Leax     tmpCCOPitch

```

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---

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```
paddusb mm5,mm5
paddb mm6,mm1 ; x: x: 0: 0| b2: r3: g3: b3
mov cl,[edx+2*ebx+1+4] ; Yel
movdf [edi+eax],mm5
psrlq mm5,32
movdf [edi+4],mm3
psubusb mm6,mm7 ; mm7=sixty_four
movdf [edi+eax+4],mm5
paddusb mm6,mm6
movdt mm1,PD Y0[ecx*4] ; 0: 0: 0: 0| 0:Yel: Yel: Yel
paddusb mm6,mm6
mov cl,[edx+2*ebx+4] ; Ye0
add ebx,2
movdf [edi+eax+8],mm6
mov eax,zero
jl do_next_4x2_block
Leax YPitch
ADDedi CCOSkipDistance ; go to begin of next line
ADDedi tmpCCOPitch ; skip odd line
Ledx tmpYCursorEven
lea edx,[edx+2*eax]
Sedx tmpYCursorEven
ADDedx YPitch
Sedx tmpYCursorOdd
ADDesi ChromaPitch
ADDebp ChromaPitch
sub PD FrameHeight[esp],2 ; Done with last line?
ja PrepareChromaLine
;-----
finish:
add esp,LocalFrameSize
emms
pop ebx
pop ebp
pop edi
pop esi
return
END
```

## 16. Appendix 5. Color Conversion to *RGB24 Zoom by 2*.

```

;-----
OPTION PROLOGUE:None
OPTION EPILOGUE:ReturnAndRelieveEpilogueMacro
include iammx.inc
include locals.inc
.586
.xlist
.list
    ASSUME ds:FLAT, cs:FLAT, ss:FLAT
MMXCODE1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'CODE'
MMXCODE1 ENDS
MMXDATA1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'DATA'
MMXDATA1 ENDS
MMXDATA1 SEGMENT
; any data would go here
    ALIGN 8
;constants for direct RGB calculation: 4x10.6 values
Minusg                dd  00800080h,00800080h
VtR                   dd  00660066h,00660066h ;01990199h,01990199h
UtB                   dd  00810081h,00810081h ;02050205h,02050205h
Ymul                  dd  004a004ah,004a004ah ;012a012ah,012a012ah
Yadd                  dd  10101010h,10101010h
UVtG                  dd  00340019h,00340019h ;00d00064h,00d00064h
MASK_036              dd  0ff0000ffh,00ff0000h
MASK_147              dd  0000ff00h,0ff0000ffh
tmpYCursorEven        dd  0
tmpYCursorOdd         dd  0
tmpBuffer             db  48 dup (?) ; aligned on 8 byte boundary scratch buffer
MMXDATA1 ENDS
LocalFrameSize = 20
RegisterStorageSize = 16
; Arguments:
YPlane                = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 4
UPlane                = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 8
VPlane                = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 12
FrameWidth            = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 16
FrameHeight           = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 20
YPitch                = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 24
ChromaPitch           = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 28
AspectAdjustmentCount = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 32
ColorConvertedFrame   = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 36
DCIOffset             = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 40
CCOffsetToLine0       = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 44
CCOPitch              = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 48
CCType                = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 52
EndOfArgList          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 56
; Locals (on local stack frame)
CCOCursor             = 0
CCOSkipDistance       = 4
ChromaLineLen         = 8
R3G3B3R2             = 12
G2B2R1G1             = 16
AspectCount           = 20
LCL EQU <esp+>
MMXCODE1 SEGMENT
; extern void "C" MMX_YUV12ToRGB24ZoomBy2 (U8 * YPlane,
;
;                                     U8 * UPlane,
;
;                                     U8 * VPlane,
;
;                                     UN  FrameWidth,

```



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```

; UN FrameHeight,
; UN YPitch,
; UN VPitch,
; UN AspectAdjustmentCount,
; U8 FAR * ColorConvertedFrame,
; U32 DCIOffset,
; U32 CCOffsetToLine0,
; IN CCOPitch,
; IN CCType)
; CCOffsetToLine0 is relative to ColorConvertedFrame.
;
;extrn finish_next_iteration:proc
;extrn start_next_iteration:proc
PUBLIC C MMX_YUV12ToRGB24ZoomBy2
; due to the need for the ebp reg, these parameter declarations aren't used,
; they are here so the assembler knows how many bytes to relieve from the stack
MMX_YUV12ToRGB24ZoomBy2:
    push    esi
    push    edi
    push    ebp
    push    ebx
    sub     esp,LocalFrameSize
    mov     eax,PD [esp+ColorConvertedFrame]
    add     eax,PD [esp+DCIOffset]
    add     eax,PD [esp+CCOffsetToLine0]
    mov     PD [esp+CCOCursor],eax
    Ledx    FrameHeight
    add     edx,edx
    Sedx    FrameHeight
    Lecx    YPitch
    Lebx    FrameWidth
    Leax    CCOPitch
    lea     esi,[ebx+2*ebx] ; 3*FrameWidth
    Ledx    AspectAdjustmentCount
    sar     ebx,1          ; FrameWidth/2
    sub     eax,esi        ; CCOPitch-3*FrameWidth
    Sebx    ChromaLineLen  ; FrameWidth/2
    sub     eax,esi        ; CCOPitch-6*FrameWidth
    Seax    CCOSkipDistance ; CCOPitch-3*FrameWidth
    Lesi    VPlane
    test    edx,edx
    jnz     non_zero_AspectCount
    inc     edx
    Sedx    AspectAdjustmentCount
non_zero_AspectCount:
    Sedx    AspectCount
    xor     eax,eax
    Ledi    CCOCursor
    mov     edx,PD [esp+UPlane]
    sub     edx,esi
    Lebp    YPlane          ; Fetch Y Pitch.
    Lebx    FrameWidth
    add     ebp,ebx
    mov     tmpYCursorEven,ebp
    Leax    YPitch
    add     ebp,eax
    mov     tmpYCursorOdd,ebp
    sar     ebx,1
    add     esi,ebx
    add     edx,esi ; edx is distance from V plane to U plane
    neg     ebx
    Sebx    FrameWidth
; Register Usage:

```

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```
;
; ebp -- Y Line cursor.  Chroma contrihs go in lines above current Y line.
; esi -- V
; edx -- U
; edi -- Cursor over the color converted output image.
; ebx -- Number of points, we havn't done yet.
;
;
; ecx -- 3*CCOPitch
; eax -- CCOPitch.
;-----
PrepareChromaLine:
    Lebp    AspectCount
    Leax    CCOPitch
    sub     ebp,4
    Lebx    FrameWidth
    lea     ecx,[eax+2*ebx] ; pointer to fourth output line
    ja      continue
    lea     ecx,[2*ebx]
    ADDebp  AspectAdjustmentCount
continue:
    Sebp    AspectCount
align 16
do_next_8x2_block:
; ; ; ; ; trsansformation U, V
    movd    mm1,[edx+ebx] ; 4 u values
    pxor     mm0,mm0      ; mm0=0
    movd    mm2,[esi+ebx] ; 4 v values
    punpcklbw mm1,mm0     ; get 4 unsign u
    psubw    mm1,Minusg   ; get 4 unsign u-128
    punpcklbw mm2,mm0     ; get unsign v
    psubw    mm2,Minusg   ; get unsign v-128
    movq     mm3,mm1      ; save the u unsign
    mov     ebp,tmpYCursorEven
    punpcklwd mm1,mm2     ; get 2 low u,v unsign pairs
    pmaddwd   mm1,UVtG
    movq     mm5,mm3      ; save u-128
    movq     mm6,[ebp+2*ebx] ; mm6 has 8 y pixels
    punpckhwd mm3,mm2     ; create high 2 unsign uv pairs
    pmaddwd   mm3,UVtG
    psubusb   mm6,Yadd     ; mm6 has 8 y-16 pixels
    packssdw  mm1,mm3     ; packed the results to signed words
    movq     mm7,mm6      ; save the 8 y-16 pixels
    punpcklbw mm6,mm0     ; mm6 has 4 low y-16 unsign
    pmullw    mm6,Ymul
    punpckhbw mm7,mm0     ; mm7 has 4 high y-16 unsign
    pmullw    mm7,Ymul
    movq     mm4,mm1
    movq     PD [tmpBuffer],mm1 ; save 4 chroma G values
    punpcklwd mm1,mm1     ; chroma G replicate low 2
    movq     mm0,mm6      ; low y
    movq     mm3,mm7      ; high y
    punpckhwd mm4,mm4     ; chroma G replicate high 2
    psubw    mm6,mm1      ; 4 low G
    movq     mm1,mm5      ; 4 u values
    psraw    mm6,6        ; low G

    psubw    mm7,mm4      ; 4 high G values in signed 16 bit
    punpcklwd mm1,mm1     ; replicate the 2 low u pixels
    pmullw    mm1,UtB
    punpckhwd mm5,mm5
    pmullw    mm5,UtB
    psraw    mm7,6        ; high G
    movq     PD [tmpBuffer+8],mm1 ; low chroma B
```

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```

packuswb mm6,mm7          ; mm6: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
movq      PD [tmpBuffer+16],mm5 ; high chroma B
paddw     mm5,mm3          ; 4 high B values in signed 16 bit
paddw     mm1,mm0          ; 4 low B values in signed 16 bit
psraw     mm5,6            ; high B
movq      mm7, mm2
punpcklwd mm2,mm2          ; replicate the 2 low v pixels
psraw     mm1,6            ; low B
pmullw    mm2,VtR
punpckhwd mm7,mm7
pmullw    mm7,VtR
packuswb mm1,mm5          ; mm1: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
movq      PD [tmpBuffer+24],mm2 ; low chroma R
paddw     mm2,mm0          ; 4 low R values in signed 16 bit
psraw     mm2,6            ; low R
movq      PD [tmpBuffer+32],mm7 ; high chroma R
paddw     mm7,mm3          ; 4 high R values in signed 16 bit
psraw     mm7,6            ; high R
movq      PD [tmpBuffer+40],mm1 ; save B in memory
packuswb mm2,mm7          ; mm2: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
movq      mm3,mm6          ; save G in mm3
punpcklbw mm1,mm1          ; mm1: B3 B3 B2 B2 B1 B1 B0 B0
movq      mm0,mm1
punpcklwd mm1,mm1          ; mm1: B1 B1 B1 B1 B0 B0 B0 B0
pand      mm1,MASK_036     ; mm1: 0 B1 0 0 B0 0 0 B0
punpcklbw mm6,mm6          ; mm6: G3 G3 G2 G2 G1 G1 G0 G0
movq      mm5,mm6
punpcklwd mm6,mm6          ; mm6: G1 G1 G1 G1 G0 G0 G0 G0
movq      mm4,mm2          ; save R in mm4
punpcklbw mm2,mm2          ; mm2: R3 R3 R2 R2 R1 R1 R0 R0
pand      mm6,MASK_036     ; mm6: 0 G1 0 0 G0 0 0 G0
movq      mm7,mm2
punpcklwd mm2,mm2          ; mm2: R1 R1 R1 R1 R0 R0 R0 R0
pand      mm2,MASK_036     ; mm2: 0 R1 0 0 R0 0 0 R0
psllq     mm6,8            ; mm6: G1 0 0 G0 0 0 G0 0
psllq     mm2,16           ; mm2: 0 0 R0 0 0 R0 0 0
por       mm1,mm6
por       mm2,mm1          ; mm2: G1 B1 R0 G0 B0 R0 G0 B0
movq      mm1,mm0          ; mm1: B3 B3 B2 B2 B1 B1 B0 B0
movq      PD [edi],mm2     ; store result
psrlq     mm1,24           ; mm1: 0 0 0 B3 B3 B2 B2 B1
movq      PD [edi+eax],mm2 ; store result
punpcklwd mm1,mm1          ; mm1: B3 B2 B3 B2 B2 B1 B2 B1
; ; 2nd phase
pand      mm1,MASK_036     ; mm1: 0 B2 0 0 B2 0 0 B1
movq      mm6,mm5          ; mm6: G3 G3 G2 G2 G1 G1 G0 G0
psllq     mm1,8            ; mm1: B2 0 0 B2 0 0 B1 0
psrlq     mm6,16           ; mm6: 0 0 G3 G3 G2 G2 G1 G1
movq      mm2,mm7
pand      mm6,MASK_036     ; mm6: 0 G2 0 0 G2 0 0 G1
psrlq     mm2,16           ; mm2: 0 0 R3 R3 R2 R2 R1 R1
psllq     mm6,16           ; mm6: 0 0 G2 0 0 G1 0 0
punpcklwd mm2,mm2          ; mm2: R2 R2 R2 R2 R1 R1 R1 R1
por       mm1,mm6
pand      mm2,MASK_036     ; mm2: 0 R2 0 0 R1 0 0 R1
movq      mm6,mm5          ; mm6: G3 G3 G2 G2 G1 G1 G0 G0
por       mm2,mm1          ; mm2: B2 R2 G2 B2 R1 G1 B1 R1
movq      mm1,mm0          ; mm1: B3 B3 B2 B2 B1 B1 B0 B0
movq      PD [edi+8],mm2   ; store result
psrlq     mm1,48           ; mm1: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 B3 B3
movq      PD [edi+eax+8],mm2 ; store result
punpcklwd mm1,mm1          ; mm1: 0 0 0 0 B3 B3 B3 B3

```

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```

;; 3rd phase
    pand                mm1, MASK_036      ; mm1:  0  0  0  0 B3  0  0 B3
    psrlq               mm6, 40             ; mm6:  0  0  0  0  0  0 G3 G3 G2
    punpcklwd           mm6, mm6           ; mm6:  0 G3  0 G3 G3 G2 G3 G2
    movq                mm2, mm7
    pand                mm6, MASK_036      ; mm6:  0 G3  0  0 G3  0  0 G2
    psllq               mm1, 16            ; mm1:  0  0 B3  0  0 B3  0  0
    punpckhwd           mm2, mm2           ; mm2: R3 R3 R3 R3 R2  0 R2  0
    por                 mm1, mm6
    pand                mm2, MASK_147      ; mm2: R3  0  0 R3  0  0 R2  0
    movq                mm6, mm3           ; restore mm6 with G
    por                 mm2, mm1           ; mm2: R3 G3 B3 R3 G3 B3 R2 G2
    movq                mm1, PD [tmpBuffer+40] ; restore mm1 with B
    movq                PD [edi+16], mm2    ; store result
    punpckhbw           mm1, mm1           ; mm1: B7 B7 B6 B6 B5 B5 B4 B4

    movq                PD [edi+eax+16], mm2 ; store result
    movq                mm2, mm4           ; restore mm2 with R

;; 4th phase
    movq                mm0, mm1
    punpckhbw           mm6, mm6           ; mm6: G7 G7 G6 G6 G5 G5 G4 G4
    punpcklwd           mm1, mm1           ; mm1: B5 B5 B5 B5 B4 B4 B4 B4
    movq                mm5, mm6
    pand                mm1, MASK_036      ; mm1:  0 B5  0  0 B4  0  0 B4
    punpcklwd           mm6, mm6           ; mm6: G5 G5 G5 G5 G4 G4 G4 G4
    pand                mm6, MASK_036      ; mm6:  0 G5  0  0 G4  0  0 G4
    punpckhbw           mm2, mm2           ; mm2: R7 R7 R6 R6 R5 R5 R4 R4
    psllq               mm6, 8             ; mm6: G5  0  0 G4  0  0 G4  0
    movq                mm7, mm2

    punpcklwd           mm2, mm2           ; mm2: R5 R5 R5 R5 R4 R4 R4 R4
    pand                mm2, MASK_036      ; mm2:  0 R5  0  0 R4  0  0 R4
    psllq               mm2, 16            ; mm2:  0  0 R4  0  0 R4  0  0
    por                 mm1, mm6
    por                 mm2, mm1           ; mm2: G5 B5 R4 G4 B4 R4 G4 B4
    movq                mm1, mm0           ; mm1: B7 B7 B6 B6 B5 B5 B4 B4
    movq                PD [edi+24], mm2    ; store result
    psrlq               mm1, 24            ; mm1:  0  0  0 B7 B7 B6 B6 B5
    movq                PD [edi+eax+24], mm2 ; store result
    punpcklwd           mm1, mm1           ; mm1: B7 B6 B7 B6 B6 B5 B6 B5

;; 5th phase
    pand                mm1, MASK_036      ; mm1:  0 B6  0  0 B6  0  0 B5
    movq                mm6, mm5           ; mm6: G7 G7 G6 G6 G5 G5 G4 G4
    psllq               mm1, 8             ; mm1: B6  0  0 B6  0  0 B5  0
    movq                mm2, mm7
    psrlq               mm6, 24            ; mm6:  0  0  0 G7 G7 G6 G6 G5
    psrlq               mm2, 16            ; mm2:  0  0 R7 R7 R6 R6 R5 R5
    punpcklwd           mm6, mm6           ; mm6: G7 G6 G7 G6 G6 G5 G6 G5
    pand                mm6, MASK_036      ; mm6:  0 G6  0  0 G6  0  0 G5
    punpcklwd           mm2, mm2           ; mm2: R6 R6 R6 R6 R5 R5 R5 R5
    pand                mm2, MASK_036      ; mm2:  0 R6  0  0 R5  0  0 R5
    psllq               mm6, 16            ; mm6:  0  0 G6  0  0 G5  0  0

; >>>>
    por                 mm2, mm6
    por                 mm2, mm1           ; mm2: B6 R6 G6 B6 R5 G5 B5 R5
    movq                mm1, mm0           ; mm1: B7 B7 B6 B6 B5 B5 B4 B4
    psrlq               mm1, 48            ; mm1:  0  0  0  0  0  0 B7 B7
    movq                mm6, mm5           ; mm6: G7 G7 G6 G6 G5 G5 G4 G4
    movq                PD [edi+32], mm2    ; store result
    punpcklwd           mm1, mm1           ; mm1:  0  0  0  0 B7 B7 B7 B7
    movq                PD [edi+eax+32], mm2 ; store result
    psrlq               mm6, 40            ; mm6:  0  0  0  0  0 G7 G7 G6

;; 6th phase
    pand                mm1, MASK_036      ; mm1:  0  0  0  0 B7  0  0 B7

```

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```

        punpcklwd        mm6,mm6                ; mm6:  0 G7  0 G7 G7 G6 G7 G6
        pand             mm6,MASK_036          ; mm6:  0 G7  0  0 G7  0  0 G6
        psllq            mm1,16                ; mm1:  0  0 B7  0  0 B7  0  0
        movq             mm2,mm7
        por              mm1,mm6
    mov   ebp,tmpYCursorOdd
        punpckhwd        mm2,mm2                ; mm2:  0 R7  0 R7 R7 R6 R7 R6
        pand             mm2,MASK_147          ; mm2:  0 R7  0  0 R7  0  0 R6
;
        lea              ecx,[eax+2*eax]
        por              mm2,mm1                ; mm2: R7 G7 B7 R7 G7 B7 R6 G6
;- start odd line
    movq   mm1,[ebp+2*ebx]        ; mm1 has 8 y pixels
        pxor   mm0, mm0
    psubusb mm1,Yadd              ; mm1 has 8 pixels y-16
    movq   mm5,mm1
    punpcklbw mm1,mm0            ; get 4 low y-16 unsign pixels word
        pmullw mm1,Ymul          ; low 4 luminance contribution
    punpckhbw mm5,mm0            ; 4 high y-16
        pmullw mm5,Ymul          ; high 4 luminance contribution
        movq   PD [edi+40],mm2    ; store result
        movq   PD [edi+eax+40],mm2 ; store result
    movq   mm2,mm1
    paddw  mm2,PD [tmpBuffer+24]  ; low 4 R
    movq   mm6,mm5
    paddw  mm5,PD [tmpBuffer+32]  ; high 4 R
    psraw  mm2,6
    psraw  mm5,6
    packuswb mm2,mm5            ; mm0: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
    movq   mm0,mm1
    paddw  mm0,PD [tmpBuffer+8]   ; low 4 B
    movq   mm5,mm6
    paddw  mm5,PD [tmpBuffer+16]  ; high 4 B
    psraw  mm0,6
    movq   mm3,PD [tmpBuffer]    ; chroma G low 4
    psraw  mm5,6
    packuswb mm0,mm5            ; mm2: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
    movq   mm4,mm3
    punpcklwd mm3,mm3            ; replicate low 2
    punpckhwd mm4,mm4            ; replicate high 2
    psubw   mm1,mm3              ; 4 low G
    psubw   mm6,mm4              ; 4 high G values in signed 16 bit
    psraw   mm1,6                ; low G
        movq   PD [tmpBuffer+40],mm0 ; save B in memory
    psraw   mm6,6                ; high G
    packuswb mm1,mm6            ; mm1: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
        movq   mm4,mm2            ; save R in mm4
        movq   mm6,mm1
        movq   mm1,mm0
        movq   mm3,mm6            ; save G in mm3
        punpcklbw mm1,mm1          ; mm1: B3 B3 B2 B2 B1 B1 B0 B0
        movq   mm0,mm1
        punpcklwd mm1,mm1          ; mm1: B1 B1 B1 B1 B0 B0 B0 B0
        pand   mm1,MASK_036        ; mm1:  0 B1  0  0 B0  0  0 B0
        punpcklbw mm6,mm6          ; mm6:  G3 G3 G2 G2 G1 G1 G0 G0
        movq   mm5,mm6
        punpcklwd mm6,mm6          ; mm6:  G1 G1 G1 G1 G0 G0 G0 G0
        pand   mm6,MASK_036        ; mm6:  0 G1  0  0 G0  0  0 G0
        punpcklbw mm2,mm2          ; mm2:  R3 R3 R2 R2 R1 R1 R0 R0
        psllq   mm6,8              ; mm6:  G1  0  0 G0  0  0 G0  0
        movq   mm7,mm2
        punpcklwd mm2,mm2          ; mm2:  R1 R1 R1 R1 R0 R0 R0 R0
        por    mm1,mm6
        pand   mm2,MASK_036        ; mm2:  0 R1  0  0 R0  0  0 R0
        movq   mm6,mm5            ; mm6:  G3 G3 G2 G2 G1 G1 G0 G0

```

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```

        psllq                mm2,16                ; mm2:  0  0 R0  0  0 R0  0  0

        por                  mm2,mm1                ; mm2:  G1 B1 R0 G0 B0 R0 G0 B0
        psrlq                mm6,24                ; mm6:  0  0  0 G3 G3 G2 G2 G1
movq    PD [edi+ecx],mm2    ; store result
        movq                mm1,mm0                ; mm1:  B3 B3 B2 B2 B1 B1 B0 B0
        movq                PD [edi+2*eax],mm2      ; store result
        psrlq                mm1,24                ; mm1:  0  0  0 B3 B3 B2 B2 B1

;; 2nd phase
        punpcklwd            mm1,mm1                ; mm1:  B3 B2 B3 B2 B2 B1 B2 B1
        movq                mm2,mm7
        pand                 mm1,MASK_036           ; mm1:  0 B2  0  0 B2  0  0 B1
        punpcklwd            mm6,mm6                ; mm6:  G3 G2 G3 G2 G2 G1 G2 G1
        pand                 mm6,MASK_036           ; mm6:  0 G2  0  0 G2  0  0 G1
        psllq                mm1,8                 ; mm1:  B2  0  0 B2  0  0 B1  0
        psllq                mm6,16                ; mm6:  0  0 G2  0  0 G1  0  0
        psrlq                mm2,16                ; mm2:  0  0 R3 R3 R2 R2 R1 R1
        por                  mm1,mm6
        punpcklwd            mm2,mm2                ; mm2:  R2 R2 R2 R2 R1 R1 R1 R1
        movq                mm6,mm5                ; mm6:  G3 G3 G2 G2 G1 G1 G0 G0
        pand                 mm2,MASK_036           ; mm2:  0 R2  0  0 R1  0  0 R1
        psrlq                mm6,40                ; mm6:  0  0  0  0  0 G3 G3 G2
        por                  mm2,mm1                ; mm2:  B2 R2 G2 B2 R1 G1 B1 R1
        movq                mm1,mm0                ; mm1:  B3 B3 B2 B2 B1 B1 B0 B0
movq    PD [edi+ecx+8],mm2 ; store result
        punpckhwd            mm1,mm1                ; mm1:  B3 B3 B3 B3 0  0  0  0
        movq                PD [edi+2*eax+8],mm2    ; store result
        punpcklwd            mm6,mm6                ; mm6:  0 G3  0 G3 G3 G2 G3 G2

;; 3rd phase
        pand                 mm1,MASK_147           ; mm1:  0  0  0  0 B3  0  0 B3
        movq                mm2,mm7
        psrlq                mm1,16                ; mm1:  0  0 B3  0  0 B3  0  0
        pand                 mm6,MASK_036           ; mm6:  0 G3  0  0 G3  0  0 G2
        psrlq                mm2,40                ; mm2:  0  0  0  0  0 R3 R3 R2
        punpcklwd            mm2,mm2                ; mm2:  0 R3  0 R3 R3 R2 R3 R2
        por                  mm1,mm6
        pand                 mm2,MASK_036           ; mm2:  0 R3  0  0 R3  0  0 R2
        movq                mm6,mm3                ; restore mm6 with G
        psllq                mm2,8                 ; mm2:  R3  0  0 R3  0  0 R2  0

        por                  mm2,mm1                ; mm2:  R3 G3 B3 R3 G3 B3 R2 G2
movq    PD [edi+ecx+16],mm2 ; restore mm1 with B
        psrlq                mm1,32                ; store result
        movq                PD [edi+2*eax+16],mm2   ; store result
        psrlq                mm6,32                ; 0  0  0  0 B7 B6 B5 B4
        movq                mm2,mm4                ; 0  0  0  0 G7 G6 G5 G4
        punpcklbw            mm1,mm1                ; restore mm2 with R
        ; mm1:  B7 B7 B6 B6 B5 B5 B4 B4

; 4th phase
        psrlq                mm2,32                ; 0  0  0  0 R7 R6 R5 R4
        movq                mm0,mm1
        punpcklwd            mm1,mm1                ; mm1:  B5 B5 B5 B5 B4 B4 B4 B4
        pand                 mm1,MASK_036           ; mm1:  0 B5  0  0 B4  0  0 B4
        punpcklbw            mm6,mm6                ; mm6:  G7 G7 G6 G6 G5 G5 G4 G4
        punpcklbw            mm2,mm2                ; mm2:  R7 R7 R6 R6 R5 R5 R4 R4
        movq                mm5,mm6
        punpcklwd            mm6,mm6                ; mm6:  G5 G5 G5 G5 G4 G4 G4 G4
        movq                mm7,mm2
        pand                 mm6,MASK_036           ; mm6:  0 G5  0  0 G4  0  0 G4
        punpcklwd            mm2,mm2                ; mm2:  R5 R5 R5 R5 R4 R4 R4 R4
        pand                 mm2,MASK_036           ; mm2:  0 R5  0  0 R4  0  0 R4
        psllq                mm6,8                 ; mm6:  G5  0  0 G4  0  0 G4  0
        psllq                mm2,16                ; mm2:  0  0 R4  0  0 R4  0  0
        por                  mm1,mm6

```

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```

        por                mm2,mm1                ; mm2:  G5 B5 R4 G4 B4 R4 G4 B4
        movq               mm1,mm0                ; mm1:  B7 B7 B6 B6 B5 B5 B4 B4
        psrlq              mm1,24                ; mm1:   0  0  0 B7 B7 B6 B6 B5
        movq               mm6,mm5                ; mm6:  G7 G7 G6 G6 G5 G5 G4 G4
        movq               PD [edi+ecx+24],mm2      ; store result
        punpcklwd          mm1,mm1                ; mm1:  B7 B6 B7 B6 B6 B5 B6 B5

        movq               PD [edi+2*eax+24],mm2      ; store result
        psrlq              mm6,24                ; mm6:   0  0  0 G7 G7 G6 G6 G5
;; 5th phase
        pand               mm1,MASK_036           ; mm1:  0 B6  0  0 B6  0  0 B5
        punpcklwd          mm6,mm6                ; mm6:  G7 G6 G7 G6 G6 G5 G6 G5
        pand               mm6,MASK_036           ; mm6:  0 G6  0  0 G6  0  0 G5
        psllq              mm1,8                  ; mm1:  B6  0  0 B6  0  0 B5  0
        psllq              mm6,16                 ; mm6:   0  0 G6  0  0 G5  0  0
        movq               mm2,mm7
        psrlq              mm2,16                 ; mm2:   0  0 R7 R7 R6 R6 R5 R5
        por                mm1,mm6
        punpcklwd          mm2,mm2                ; mm2:  R6 R6 R6 R6 R5 R5 R5 R5
        movq               mm6,mm5                ; mm6:  G7 G7 G6 G6 G5 G5 G4 G4
        pand               mm2,MASK_036           ; mm2:  0 R6  0  0 R5  0  0 R5
        psrlq              mm6,40                 ; mm6:   0  0  0  0  0 G7 G7 G6
        por                mm2,mm1                ; mm2:  B6 R6 G6 B6 R5 G5 B5 R5
        punpcklwd          mm6,mm6                ; mm6:  0 G7  0 G7 G7 G6 G7 G6
        pand               mm6,MASK_036           ; mm6:  0 G7  0  0 G7  0  0 G6
        movq               mm1,mm0                ; mm1:  B7 B7 B6 B6 B5 B5 B4 B4
        movq               PD [edi+ecx+32],mm2      ; store result
        punpckhwd          mm1,mm1                ; mm1:  B7 B7 B7 B7  0  0  0  0
        movq               PD [edi+2*eax+32],mm2      ; store result
        movq               mm2,mm7
;; 6th phase
        pand               mm1,MASK_147           ; mm1:  B7  0  0 B7      0  0  0  0
        psrlq              mm2,40                 ; mm2:   0  0  0  0  0 R7 R7 R6
        punpcklwd          mm2,mm2                ; mm2:   0 R7  0 R7 R7 R6 R7 R6
        pand               mm2,MASK_036           ; mm2:  0 R7  0  0 R7  0  0 R6
        psrlq              mm1,16                 ; mm1:   0  0 B7  0  0 B7  0  0
        psllq              mm2,8                  ; mm2:  R7  0  0 R7  0  0 R6  0
        por                mm1,mm6
        por                mm2,mm1                ; mm2:  R7 G7 B7 R7 G7 B7 R6 G6
        movq               PD [edi+ecx+40],mm2      ; store result
        movq               PD [edi+2*eax+40],mm2      ; store result
add     edi,48 ; ih take 48 instead of 12 output
add     ebx,4  ; ? to take 4 pixels together instead of 2
jl      do_next_8x2_block ; ? update the loop for 8 y pixels at once
ADDedi  CCOSkipDistance
add     edi,ecx ; set output pointer after fourth line
Leax    YPitch
mov     ebp,tmpYCursorOdd
lea     ebp,[ebp+2*eax] ; skip two lines
mov     tmpYCursorOdd,ebp
mov     ebp,tmpYCursorEven
lea     ebp,[ebp+2*eax]
mov     tmpYCursorEven,ebp
ADDdesi ChromaPitch
ADDedx  ChromaPitch
sub     PD FrameHeight[esp],4
ja      PrepareChromaLine
;-----
finish:
add     esp,LocalFrameSize
emms
pop     ebx
pop     ebp
pop     edi

```

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---

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```
    pop    esi
    ret
MMXCODE1 ENDS
END
```



## 17. Appendix 6. Color Conversion to RGB16.

```

;-----
; cxml2161 -- This function performs YUV12-to-RGB16 color conversion for H26x.
;           It handles any format in which there are three fields, the low
;           order field being B and fully contained in the low order byte, the
;           second field being G and being somewhere in bits 4 through 11,
;           and the high order field being R and fully contained in the high
;           order byte.
;
;           The YUV12 input is planar, 8 bits per pel. The Y plane may have
;           a pitch of up to 768. It may have a width less than or equal
;           to the pitch. It must be DWORD aligned, and preferably QWORD
;           aligned. Pitch and Width must be a multiple of four. For best
;           performance, Pitch should not be 4 more than a multiple of 32.
;           Height may be any amount, but must be a multiple of two. The U
;           and V planes may have a different pitch than the Y plane, subject
;           to the same limitations.
;
include iammx.inc
include locals.inc
.586
.xlist
.list
    ASSUME ds:FLAT, cs:FLAT, ss:FLAT
MMXCODE1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'CODE'
MMXCODE1 ENDS
MMXDATA1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'DATA'
MMXDATA1 ENDS
MMXDATA1 SEGMENT
ALIGN 8
RGB_formats:
    dd RGB565
    dd RGB555
    dd RGB664
    dd RGB655
Minusg          dd 00800080h, 00800080h
Yadd            dd 10101010h, 10101010h
VtR            dd 00660066h, 00660066h ;01990199h,01990199h
VtG            dd 00340034h, 00340034h ;00d000d0h,00d000d0h
UtG            dd 00190019h, 00190019h ;00640064h,00640064h
UtB            dd 00810081h, 00810081h ;02050205h,02050205h
Ymul           dd 004a004ah, 004a004ah ;012a012ah,012a012ah
UVtG           dd 00340019h, 00340019h ;00d00064h,00d00064h
VtRtB         dd 01990205h, 01990205h
fourbitu       dd 0f0f0f0f0h, 0f0f0f0f0h
fivebitu       dd 0e0e0e0e0h, 0e0e0e0e0h
sixbitu        dd 0c0c0c0c0h, 0c0c0c0c0h
MMXDATA1 ENDS
LocalFrameSize = 156
RegisterStorageSize = 16
; Arguments:
YPlane          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 4
UPlane          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 8
VPlane          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 12
FrameWidth      = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 16
FrameHeight     = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 20
YPitch          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 24
ChromaPitch      = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 28
AspectAdjustmentCount = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 32
ColorConvertedFrame = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 36

```

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```
DCIOffset          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 40
CCOffsetToLine0    = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 44
CCOPitch           = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 48
CCType             = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 52
EndOfArgList       = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 56
; Locals (on local stack frame)
CCOCursor          = 0
CCOSkipDistance    = 4
ChromaLineLen      = 8
YCursor           = 12
DistanceFromVToU   = 16
EndOfChromaLine    = 20
AspectCount        = 24
AspectBaseCount    = 28
tmpYCursorEven     = 32
tmpYCursorOdd      = 36
tmpCCOPitch        = 40
temp_mmx           = 44 ; note it is 48 bytes
RLeftShift         = 92
GLeftShift         = 100
RRightShift        = 108
GRightShift        = 116
BRightShift        = 124
RUpperLimit        = 132
GUpperLimit        = 140
BUpperLimit        = 148
MMXCODE1 SEGMENT
; extern void "C" MMX_YUV12ToRGB16 (
;
;           U8* YPlane,
;           U8* UPlane,
;           U8* VPlane,
;           UN  FrameWidth,
;           UN  FrameHeight,
;           UN  YPitch,
;           UN  VPitch,
;           UN  AspectAdjustmentCount,
;           U8* ColorConvertedFrame,
;           U32 DCIOffset,
;           U32 CCOffsetToLine0,
;           IN  CCOPitch,
;           IN  CCType)
;
; The local variables are on the stack,
; The tables are in the one and only data segment.
;
; CCOffsetToLine0 is relative to ColorConvertedFrame.
; CCType used by RGB color convertors to determine the exact conversion type.
;   RGB565 = 0
;   RGB555 = 1
;   RGB664 = 2
;   RGB655 = 3
PUBLIC C MMX_YUV12ToRGB16
MMX_YUV12ToRGB16:
    push    esi
    push    edi
    push    ebp
    push    ebx
    sub     esp, LocalFrameSize
    mov     eax, [esp+CCType]
    cmp     eax, 4
    jae     finish
    jmp     RGB_formats[eax*4]
RGB555:
    xor     eax, eax
```

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---

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```
mov     ebx, 2    ; 10-8 for byte shift
mov     [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 5
mov     [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 9
mov     [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, fivebitu
movq    [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
jmp     RGBEND
RGB664:
xor     eax, eax
mov     ebx, 2    ; 8-6
mov     [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 4
mov     [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 8
mov     [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 10
mov     [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, sixbitu
movq    [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
movq    mm0, fourbitu
movq    [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
jmp     RGBEND
RGB655:
xor     eax, eax
mov     ebx, 2    ; 8-6
mov     [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 5
mov     [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 8
mov     [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 9
mov     [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, sixbitu
movq    [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq    mm0, fivebitu
movq    [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
jmp     RGBEND
RGB565:
xor     eax, eax
```

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```
mov     ebx, 3      ; 8-5
mov     [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 5
mov     [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 9
mov     [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 8
mov     [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, fivebitu
movq    [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
movq    mm0, sixbitu
movq    [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
; jmp   RGBEND
RGBEND:
mov     ebx, [esp+VPlane]
mov     ecx, [esp+UPlane]
sub     ecx, ebx
mov     [esp+DistanceFromVToU], ecx
mov     eax, [esp+ColorConvertedFrame]
add     eax, [esp+DCIOffset]
add     eax, [esp+CCOffsetToLine0]
mov     [esp+CCOCursor], eax
Lecx    YPitch
Lebx    FrameWidth
Leax    CCOPitch
sub     eax, ebx      ; CCOPitch-FrameWidth
sub     eax, ebx      ; CCOPitch-2*FrameWidth
sar     ebx, 1        ; FrameWidth/2
Lesi    YPlane        ; Fetch cursor over luma plane.
Sebx    ChromaLineLen  ; FrameWidth/2
Seax    CCOSkipDistance ; CCOPitch-3*FrameWidth
Sesi    YCursor
Ledx    AspectAdjustmentCount
Lesi    VPlane
cmp     edx, 1
je      finish
Sedx    AspectCount
Sedx    AspectBaseCount
xor     eax, eax
Ledi    ChromaLineLen
Sedi    EndOfChromaLine
Ledi    CCOCursor
Ledx    DistanceFromVToU
Lebp    YCursor        ; Fetch Y Pitch.
Lebx    FrameWidth
add     ebp, ebx
Sebp    tmpYCursorEven
Leax    YPitch
add     ebp, eax
Sebp    tmpYCursorOdd
sar     ebx, 1
add     esi, ebx
add     edx, esi
neg     ebx
Sebx    FrameWidth
; Register Usage:
;
```

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```
-----
;-----
PrepareChromaLine:
    Lebp    AspectCount
    Lebx    FrameWidth
    sub     ebp,2
    Leax    CCOPitch
    Seax    tmpCCOPitch
    ja      continue
    xor     eax,eax
    ADDEbp  AspectAdjustmentCount
    Seax    tmpCCOPitch
continue:
    Sebp    AspectCount
do_next_8x2_block:
    Lebp    tmpYCursorEven
; here is even line
    movdt   mm1, [edx+ebx]           ; 4 u values
    pxor    mm0, mm0                ; mm0=0
    movdt   mm2, [esi+ebx]           ; 4 v values
    punpcklbw mm1, mm0              ; get 4 unsign u
    psubw   mm1, Minusg              ; get 4 unsign u-128
    punpcklbw mm2, mm0              ; get unsign v
    psubw   mm2, Minusg              ; get unsign v-128
    movq    mm3, mm1                ; save the u-128 unsign
    movq    mm5, mm1                ; save u-128 unsign
    punpcklwd mm1, mm2              ; get 2 low u, v unsign pairs
    pmaddwd mm1, UVtG
    punpckhwd mm3, mm2              ; create high 2 unsign uv pairs
    pmaddwd mm3, UVtG
    movq    temp_mmx[esp], mm2      ; save v-128
    movq    mm6, [ebp+2*ebx]         ; mm6 has 8 y pixels
    psubusb mm6, Yadd                ; mm6 has 8 y-16 pixels
    packssdw mm1, mm3               ; packed the results to signed words
    movq    mm7, mm6                ; save the 8 y-16 pixels
    punpcklbw mm6, mm0              ; mm6 has 4 low y-16 unsign
    pmullw   mm6, Ymul
    punpckhbw mm7, mm0              ; mm7 has 4 high y-16 unsign
    pmullw   mm7, Ymul
    movq    mm4, mm1
    movq    temp_mmx[esp+8], mm1     ; save 4 chroma G values
    punpcklwd mm1, mm1              ; chroma G replicate low 2
    movq    mm0, mm6                ; low y
    punpckhwd mm4, mm4              ; chroma G replicate high 2
    movq    mm3, mm7                ; high y
    psubw   mm6, mm1                ; 4 low G
    psraw   mm6, [esp+GRightShift]   ; 4 high G values in signed 16 bit
    psubw   mm7, mm4
    movq    mm2, mm5
    punpcklwd mm5, mm5              ; replicate the 2 low u pixels
    pmullw   mm5, UtB
    punpckhwd mm2, mm2
    psraw   mm7, [esp+GRightShift]
    pmullw   mm2, UtB
    packuswb mm6, mm7               ; mm6: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
    movq    temp_mmx[esp+16], mm5    ; low chroma B
    paddw   mm5, mm0                ; 4 low B values in signed 16 bit
    movq    temp_mmx[esp+40], mm2    ; high chroma B
    paddw   mm2, mm3                ; 4 high B values in signed 16 bit
    psraw   mm5, [esp+BRightShift]   ; low B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    psraw   mm2, [esp+BRightShift]   ; high B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    packuswb mm5, mm2               ; mm5: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
    movq    mm2, temp_mmx[esp]       ; 4 v values
    movq    mm1, mm5                ; save B
    movq    mm7, mm2
```

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```
    punpcklwd    mm2, mm2                ; replicate the 2 low v pixels
    pmullw       mm2, VtR
    punpckhwd    mm7, mm7
    pmullw       mm7, VtR
    paddusb      mm1, [esp+BUpperLimit] ; mm1: saturate B+0FF-15
    movq         temp_mmx[esp+24], mm2 ; low chroma R
    paddw        mm2, mm0                ; 4 low R values in signed 16 bit
    psraw        mm2, [esp+RRightShift] ; low R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    pxor         mm4, mm4                ; mm4=0 for 8->16 conversion
    movq         temp_mmx[esp+32], mm7 ; high chroma R
    paddw        mm7, mm3                ; 4 high R values in signed 16 bit
    psraw        mm7, [esp+RRightShift] ; high R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    psubusb      mm1, [esp+BUpperLimit]
    packuswb     mm2, mm7                ; mm2: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
    paddusb      mm6, [esp+GUpperLimit] ; G fast patch ih
    psubusb      mm6, [esp+GupperLimit] ; fast patch ih
    paddusb      mm2, [esp+RUpperLimit] ; R
    psubusb      mm2, [esp+RUpperLimit]
; here we are packing from RGB24 to RGB16
; input:
;   ; mm6: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
;   ; mm1: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
;   ; mm2: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
; assuming 8 original pixels in 0-H representation on mm6, mm5, mm2
; when H=2**xBITS-1 (x is for R G B)
; output:
;   mm1- result: 4 low RGB16
;   mm7- result: 4 high RGB16
; using: mm0- zero register
;   mm3- temporary results
; algorithm:
;   for (i=0; i<8; i++) {
;     RGB[i]=256*(R[i]<<(8-5))+(G[i]<<5)+B[i];
;   }
    psllq        mm2, [esp+RLeftShift] ; position R in the most significant part of the byte
    movq         mm7, mm1                ; mm1: Save B
; note: no need for shift to place B on the least significant part of the byte
; R in left position, B in the right position so they can be combined
    punpcklbw    mm1, mm2                ; mm1: 4 low 16 bit RB
    pxor         mm0, mm0                ; mm0: 0
    punpckhbw    mm7, mm2                ; mm5: 4 high 16 bit RB
    movq         mm3, mm6                ; mm3: G
    punpcklbw    mm6, mm0                ; mm6: low 4 G 16 bit
    psllw        mm6, [esp+GLeftShift] ; shift low G 5 positions
    punpckhbw    mm3, mm0                ; mm3: high 4 G 16 bit
    por          mm1, mm6                ; mm1: low RBG16
    psllw        mm3, [esp+GLeftShift] ; shift high G 5 positions
    por          mm7, mm3                ; mm5: high RBG16
    Lebp        tmpYCursorOdd
    movq         [edi], mm1              ; !! aligned
;- start odd line
    movq         mm1, [ebp+2*ebx]         ; mm1 has 8 y pixels
    pxor         mm2, mm2
    psubusb      mm1, Yadd                ; mm1 has 8 pixels y-16
    movq         mm5, mm1
    punpcklbw    mm1, mm2                ; get 4 low y-16 unsign pixels word
    pmullw       mm1, Ymul                ; low 4 luminance contribution
    punpckhbw    mm5, mm2                ; 4 high y-16
    pmullw       mm5, Ymul                ; high 4 luminance contribution
    movq         [edi+8], mm7            ; !! aligned
    movq         mm0, mm1
    paddw        mm0, temp_mmx[esp+24] ; low 4 R
    movq         mm6, mm5
    psraw        mm0, [esp+RRightShift] ; low R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
```

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```
paddw    mm5, temp_mmx[esp+32] ; high 4 R
movq     mm2, mm1
psraw    mm5, [esp+RRightShift] ; high R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
paddw    mm2, temp_mmx[esp+16] ; low 4 B
packuswb mm0, mm5 ; mm0: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
psraw    mm2, [esp+BRightShift] ; low B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
movq     mm5, mm6
paddw    mm6, temp_mmx[esp+40] ; high 4 B
psraw    mm6, [esp+BRightShift] ; high B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
movq     mm3, temp_mmx[esp+8] ; chroma G low 4
packuswb mm2, mm6 ; mm2: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
movq     mm4, mm3
punpcklwd mm3, mm3 ; replicate low 2
punpckhwd mm4, mm4 ; replicate high 2
psubw    mm1, mm3 ; 4 low G
psraw    mm1, [esp+GRightShift] ; low G scaled down by 6+(8-5)
psubw    mm5, mm4 ; 4 high G values in signed 16 bit
psraw    mm5, [esp+GRightShift] ; high G scaled down by 6+(8-5)
paddusb  mm2, [esp+BUpperLimit] ; mm1: saturate B+0FF-15
packuswb mm1, mm5 ; mm1: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
psubusb  mm2, [esp+BUpperLimit]
paddusb  mm1, [esp+GUpperLimit] ; G
psubusb  mm1, [esp+GUpperLimit]
paddusb  mm0, [esp+RUpperLimit] ; R
Leax     tmpCCOPitch
psubusb  mm0, [esp+RUpperLimit]
; here we are packing from RGB24 to RGB16
; mm1: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
; mm2: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
; mm0: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
; output:
; mm2- result: 4 low RGB16
; mm7- result: 4 high RGB16
; using: mm4- zero register
; mm3- temporary results
psllq    mm0, [esp+RLeftShift] ; position R in the most significant part of the byte
movq     mm7, mm2 ; mm7: Save B
; note: no need for shift to place B on the least significant part of the byte
; R in left position, B in the right position so they can be combined
punpcklbw mm2, mm0 ; mm1: 4 low 16 bit RB
pxor     mm4, mm4 ; mm4: 0
movq     mm3, mm1 ; mm3: G
punpckhbw mm7, mm0 ; mm7: 4 high 16 bit RB
punpcklbw mm1, mm4 ; mm1: low 4 G 16 bit
punpckhbw mm3, mm4 ; mm3: high 4 G 16 bit
psllw    mm1, [esp+GLeftShift] ; shift low G 5 positions
por      mm2, mm1 ; mm2: low RGB16
psllw    mm3, [esp+GLeftShift] ; shift high G 5 positions
por      mm7, mm3 ; mm7: high RGB16
movq     [edi+eax], mm2
movq     [edi+eax+8], mm7 ; aligned
add      edi, 16 ; ih take 16 bytes (8 pixels-16 bit)
add      ebx, 4 ; ? to take 4 pixels together instead of 2
jl       do_next_8x2_block ; ? update the loop for 8 y pixels at once
ADDedi   CCOSkipDistance ; go to begin of next line
ADDedi   tmpCCOPitch ; skip odd line (if it is needed)
; Leax   AspectCount
; Lebp   CCOPitch ; skip odd line
; sub    eax, 2
; jg     @f
; Addeax AspectBaseCount
; xor    ebp, ebp
;@@:
; Seax   AspectCount
```

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---

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```
; add      edi, ebp
; leax     YPitch
; lebp     tmpYCursorOdd
; add      ebp, eax      ; skip one line
; lea      ebp, [ebp+2*eax] ; skip two lines
; Sebp     tmpYCursorEven
; Sebp     tmpYCursorOdd
; add      ebp, eax      ; skip one line
; Sebp     tmpYCursorOdd
; lebp     tmpYCursorEven
; lea      ebp, [ebp+2*eax]
; Sebp     tmpYCursorEven
; ADDesi   ChromaPitch
; ADDedx   ChromaPitch
; leax     YLimit      ; Done with last line?
; cmp      ebp, eax
; jbe      PrepareChromaLine
; sub      PD FrameHeight[esp], 2
; ja       PrepareChromaLine
;-----
finish:
; emms
; add      esp, LocalFrameSize
; pop      ebx
; pop      ebp
; pop      edi
; pop      esi
; retn
MMXCODE1 ENDS
END
```



## 18. Appendix 7. Color Conversion to RGB16 Zoom by 2

```

;-----
; cx512162 -- This function performs zoom-by-2 YUV12-to-RGB16 color conversion
;             for H26x.  It handles 555, 655, 565, and 664 formats.
;
;             The YUV12 input is planar, 8 bits per pel.  The Y plane may have
;             a pitch of up to 768.  It may have a width less than or equal
;             to the pitch.  It must be DWORD aligned, and preferably QWORD
;             aligned.  Pitch and Width must be a multiple of eight.
;             Height must be a multiple of two.  The U and V planes may have
;             a different pitch than the Y plane, subject to the same limitations.
;
;             The color convertor is non destructive.
;-----
include iammx.inc
include locals.inc
.586
.xlist
.list
ASSUME ds:FLAT, cs:FLAT, ss:FLAT
RTIME16=1
DITHER=1
MMXDATA1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'DATA'
ALIGN 8
RGB_formats:
    dd  RGB565
    dd  RGB555
    dd  RGB664
    dd  RGB655
Minusg          dd  00800080h, 00800080h
VtR             dd  00660066h, 00660066h ;01990199h,01990199h
VtG            dd  00340034h, 00340034h ;00d000d0h,00d000d0h
UtG            dd  00190019h, 00190019h ;00640064h,00640064h
UtB            dd  00810081h, 00810081h ;02050205h,02050205h
Ymul           dd  004a004ah, 004a004ah ;012a012ah,012a012ah
Yadd           dd  10101010h, 10101010h
UVtG           dd  00340019h, 00340019h ;00d00064h,00d00064h
VtRtB          dd  01990205h, 01990205h
fourbitu       dd  0f0f0f0f0h, 0f0f0f0f0h
fivebitu       dd  0e0e0e0e0h, 0e0e0e0e0h
sixbitu        dd  0c0c0c0c0h, 0c0c0c0c0h
shifto         dd  02020202h, 02020202h
shiftwo        dd  04040404h, 04040404h
shifthree      dd  08080808h, 08080808h
MMXDATA1 ENDS
LocalFrameSize = 174
RegisterStorageSize = 16
; Arguments:
YPlane         = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 4
UPlane         = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 8
VPlane         = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 12
FrameWidth     = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 16
FrameHeight    = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 20
YPitch         = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 24
ChromaPitch    = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 28
AspectAdjustmentCount = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 32
ColorConvertedFrame = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 36
DCIOffset      = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 40
CCOffsetToLine0 = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 44
CCOPitch       = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 48

```

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```
CCType                = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 52
EndOfArgList          = LocalFrameSize + RegisterStorageSize + 56
; Locals (on local stack frame)
CCOCursor             = 0
CCOSkipDistance       = 4
ChromaLineLen        = 8
YCursor              = 12
DistanceFromVToU     = 16
EndOfChromaLine      = 20
AspectCount          = 24
tmpYCursorEven       = 28
tmpYCursorOdd        = 32
temp_mmx              = 36 ; 48 bytes
RLeftShift           = 84
GLeftShift           = 92
RRightShift          = 100
GRightShift          = 108
BRightShift          = 116
RUpperLimit          = 124
GUpperLimit          = 132
BUpperLimit          = 140
RDither              = 148
GDither              = 156
BDither              = 164
; Switches used by RGB color convertors to determine the exact conversion type.
LCL EQU <esp+>
MMXCODE1 SEGMENT PARA USE32 PUBLIC 'CODE'
; void FAR ASM_CALLTYPE YUV12ToRGB16ZoomBy2 (
;
;             U8* YPlane,
;             U8* UPlane,
;             U8* VPlane,
;             UN  FrameWidth,
;             UN  FrameHeight,
;             UN  YPitch,
;             UN  UVPitch,
;             UN  AspectAdjustmentCount,
;             U8* ColorConvertedFrame,
;             U32 DCIOffset,
;             U32 CCOffsetToLine0,
;             int CCOPitch,
;             int CCType)
;
; The local variables are on the stack,
; The tables are in the one and only data segment.
;
; CCOffsetToLine0 is relative to ColorConvertedFrame.
;
PUBLIC C MMX_YUV12ToRGB16ZoomBy2
MMX_YUV12ToRGB16ZoomBy2:
    push esi
    push edi
    push ebp
    push ebx
    sub     esp, LocalFrameSize
    mov     eax, [esp+CCType]
    cmp     eax, 4
    jae     finish
    jmp     RGB_formats[eax*4]
RGB555:
    xor     eax, eax
    mov     ebx, 2 ; 10-8 for byte shift
    mov     [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
    mov     [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
    mov     ebx, 5
```

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```
mov     [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 9
mov     [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, fivebitu
movq    [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
movq    mm0, shifttwo      ; 1<<(7-5) for dither
movq    [esp+RDither], mm0
movq    [esp+GDither], mm0
movq    [esp+BDither], mm0
jmp     RGBEND
RGB664:
xor     eax, eax
mov     ebx, 2      ; 8-6
mov     [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 4
mov     [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 8
mov     [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, sixbitu
movq    [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
mov     ebx, 10
mov     [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, fourbitu
movq    [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
movq    mm0, shiftone      ; 1<<(7-6) for dither
movq    [esp+RDither], mm0
movq    [esp+GDither], mm0
movq    mm0, shiftthree    ; 1<<(7-4) for dither
movq    [esp+BDither], mm0
jmp     RGBEND
RGB655:
xor     eax, eax
mov     ebx, 2      ; 8-6
mov     [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 5
mov     [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 9
mov     [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
mov     [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
mov     ebx, 8
mov     [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov     [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
movq    mm0, fivebitu
movq    [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
movq    [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
```

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```
movq mm0,sixbitu
movq [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq mm0,shiftwo ; 1<<(7-5) for dither
movq [esp+GDither],mm0
movq [esp+BDither],mm0
movq mm0,shifone ; 1<<(7-6) for dither
movq [esp+RDither],mm0
jmp RGBEND
RGB565:
xor eax, eax
mov ebx, 3 ; 8-5
mov [esp+RLeftShift], ebx
mov [esp+RLeftShift+4], eax
mov ebx, 5
mov [esp+GLeftShift], ebx
mov [esp+GLeftShift+4], eax
mov ebx, 9
mov [esp+RRightShift], ebx
mov [esp+RRightShift+4], eax
mov [esp+BRightShift], ebx
mov [esp+BRightShift+4], eax
movq mm0, fivebitu
movq [esp+RUpperLimit], mm0
movq [esp+BUpperLimit], mm0
mov ebx, 8
mov [esp+GRightShift], ebx
mov [esp+GRightShift+4], eax
movq mm0, sixbitu
movq [esp+GUpperLimit], mm0
movq mm0,shiftwo ; 1<<(7-5) for dither
movq [esp+RDither],mm0
movq [esp+BDither],mm0
movq mm0,shifone ; 1<<(7-6) for dither
movq [esp+GDither],mm0
; jmp RGBEND
RGBEND:
mov ebx, [esp+VPlane]
mov ecx, [esp+UPlane]
sub ecx, ebx
mov [esp+DistanceFromVToU], ecx
mov eax, [esp+ColorConvertedFrame]
add eax, [esp+DCIOffset]
add eax, [esp+CCOffsetToLine0]
mov [esp+CCOCursor], eax
Lebx FrameWidth
Leax CCOPitch
Lesi YPlane ; Fetch cursor over luma plane.
shl ebx, 2 ; FrameWidth*2
sub eax, ebx ; CCOPitch-2*FrameWidth
shr ebx, 3 ; FrameWidth*3
Sesi YCursor
Sebx ChromaLineLen ; FrameWidth*3
Seax CCOSkipDistance ; CCOPitch-3*FrameWidth
Leax AspectAdjustmentCount
Lesi VPlane
Seax AspectCount
xor eax, eax
Ledi ChromaLineLen
Sedi EndOfChromaLine
Ledi CCOCursor
Ledx DistanceFromVToU
Lebp YCursor ; Fetch Y Pitch.
Lebx FrameWidth
add ebp, ebx
```

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```
Sebp    tmpYCursorEven
Leax    YPitch
add     ebp, eax
Sebp    tmpYCursorOdd
sar     ebx, 1
add     esi, ebx
add     edx, esi
neg     ebx
Sebx    FrameWidth
; Register Usage:
;
; ebp -- Y Line cursor. Chroma contribs go in lines above current Y line.
; esi -- Chroma Line cursor.
; edx -- Distance from V pel to U pel.
; edi -- Cursor over the color converted output image.
; ebx -- Number of points taken together.
;
;
; ecx -- Point to Far line (2 lines away)
; eax -- Line Pitch
;-----
PrepareChromaLine:
    Lebx    FrameWidth
    Leax    CCOPitch
do_next_8x2_block:
    Lebp    tmpYCursorEven
    movdt    mm1, [edx+ebx]                ; 4 u values
    pxor     mm0, mm0                    ; mm0=0
    movdt    mm2, [esi+ebx]                ; 4 v values
    punpcklbw mm1, mm0                    ; get 4 unsign u
    psubw    mm1, Minusg                  ; get 4 unsign u-128
    punpcklbw mm2, mm0                    ; get unsign v
    psubw    mm2, Minusg                  ; get unsign v-128
    movq     mm3, mm1                    ; save the u-128 unsign
    movq     mm5, mm1                    ; save u-128 unsign
    punpcklwd mm1, mm2                    ; get 2 low u, v unsign pairs
    pmaddwd  mm1, UVtG
    punpckhwd mm3, mm2                    ; create high 2 unsign uv pairs
    pmaddwd  mm3, UVtG
    movq     temp_mmx[esp], mm2            ; save v-128
    movq     mm6, [ebp+2*ebx]              ; mm6 has 8 y pixels
    psubusb  mm6, Yadd                    ; mm6 has 8 y-16 pixels
    packssdw mm1, mm3                    ; packed the results to signed words
    movq     mm7, mm6                    ; save the 8 y-16 pixels
    punpcklbw mm6, mm0                    ; mm6 has 4 low y-16 unsign
    pmullw   mm6, Ymul
    punpckhbw mm7, mm0                    ; mm7 has 4 high y-16 unsign
    pmullw   mm7, Ymul
    movq     mm4, mm1
    movq     temp_mmx[esp+8], mm1          ; save 4 chroma G values
    punpcklwd mm1, mm1                    ; chroma G replicate low 2
    movq     mm0, mm6                    ; low y
    punpckhwd mm4, mm4                    ; chroma G replicate high 2
    movq     mm3, mm7                    ; high y
    psubw    mm6, mm1                    ; 4 low G
    ; movq     mm1, mm5                    ; 4 u values
    psraw    mm6, [esp+GRightShift]
    psubw    mm7, mm4                    ; 4 high G values in signed 16 bit
    movq     mm2, mm5
    punpcklwd mm5, mm5                    ; replicate the 2 low u pixels
    pmullw   mm5, UtB
    punpckhwd mm2, mm2
    pmullw   mm2, UtB
    psraw    mm7, [esp+GRightShift]
```

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```

packuswb mm6, mm7
movq temp_mmx[esp+16], mm5
paddw mm5, mm0
movq temp_mmx[esp+40], mm2
paddw mm2, mm3
psraw mm5, [esp+BRightShift]
psraw mm2, [esp+BRightShift]
packuswb mm5, mm2
movq mm2, temp_mmx[esp]
movq mm1, mm5
movq mm7, mm2
punpcklwd mm2, mm2
pmullw mm2, VtR
punpckhwd mm7, mm7
pmullw mm7, VtR
paddusb mm1, [esp+BUpperLimit]
movq temp_mmx[esp+24], mm2
paddw mm2, mm0
psraw mm2, [esp+RRightShift]
pxor mm4, mm4
movq temp_mmx[esp+32], mm7
paddw mm7, mm3
psraw mm7, [esp+RRightShift]
psubusb mm1, [esp+BUpperLimit]
packuswb mm2, mm7
paddusb mm6, [esp+GUpperLimit]
psubusb mm6, [esp+GUpperLimit]
paddusb mm2, [esp+RUpperLimit]
psubusb mm2, [esp+RUpperLimit]
psllq mm2, [esp+RLeftShift]
; mm6: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
; low chroma B
; 4 low B values in signed 16 bit
; high chroma B
; 4 high B values in signed 16 bit
; low B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
; high B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
; mm1: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
; 4 v values
; save B
; replicate the 2 low v pixels
; mm1: saturate B+0FF-15
; low chroma R
; 4 low R values in signed 16 bit
; low R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
; mm4=0 for 8->16 conversion
; high chroma R
; 4 high R values in signed 16 bit
; high R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
; mm2: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
; G
; R
; position R in the most significant
part of the byte
movq mm7, mm1
; mm1: Save B
; note: no need for shift to place B on the least significant part of the byte
; R in left position, B in the right position so they can be combined
punpcklbw mm1, mm2
pxor mm0, mm0
punpckhbw mm7, mm2
movq mm3, mm6
punpcklbw mm6, mm0
psllw mm6, [esp+GLeftShift]
punpckhbw mm3, mm0
psllw mm3, [esp+GLeftShift]
por mm1, mm6
movq mm2, mm1
por mm7, mm3
punpcklwd mm1, mm1
movq [edi], mm1
punpckhwd mm2, mm2
movq [edi+eax], mm1
movq [edi+8], mm2
movq [edi+eax+8], mm2
movq mm6, mm7
punpcklwd mm7, mm7
movq [edi+16], mm7
punpckhwd mm6, mm6
movq [edi+eax+16], mm7
movq [edi+24], mm6
movq [edi+eax+24], mm6
;- start odd line
Lebp tmpYCursorOdd
movq mm1, [ebp+2*ebx]
pxor mm2, mm2
psubusb mm1, Yadd
movq mm5, mm1
; moved here to save cycles before odd line
; mm1 has 8 y pixels
; mm1 has 8 pixels y-16

```

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```

    punpcklbw mm1, mm2                ; get 4 low y-16 unsign pixels word
    pmullw mm1, Ymul                  ; low 4 luminance contribution
    punpckhbw mm5, mm2                ; 4 high y-16
    pmullw mm5, Ymul                  ; high 4 luminance contribution
    movq mm0, mm1
    paddw mm0, temp_mmx[esp+24]        ; low 4 R
    movq mm6, mm5
    psraw mm0, [esp+RRightShift]       ; low R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    paddw mm5, temp_mmx[esp+32]        ; high 4 R
    movq mm2, mm1
    psraw mm5, [esp+RRightShift]       ; high R scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    paddw mm2, temp_mmx[esp+16]        ; low 4 B
    packuswb mm0, mm5                 ; mm0: R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0
    psraw mm2, [esp+BRightShift]       ; low B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    movq mm5, mm6
    paddw mm6, temp_mmx[esp+40]        ; high 4 B
    psraw mm6, [esp+BRightShift]       ; high B scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    movq mm3, temp_mmx[esp+8]         ; chroma G low 4
    packuswb mm2, mm6                 ; mm2: B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
    movq mm4, mm3
    punpcklwd mm3, mm3                ; replicate low 2
    punpckhwd mm4, mm4                ; replicate high 2
    psubw mm1, mm3
    psraw mm1, [esp+GRightShift]       ; low G scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    psubw mm5, mm4
    psraw mm5, [esp+GRightShift]       ; 4 high G values in signed 16 bit
    pxor mm3, mm3                     ; high G scaled down by 6+(8-5)
    paddusb mm2, [esp+BUpperLimit]     ; B
    packuswb mm1, mm5                 ; mm1: saturate B+0FF-15
    psubusb mm2, [esp+BupperLimit]     ; mm1: G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0
    paddusb mm1, [esp+GUpperLimit]     ; G
    psubusb mm1, [esp+GUpperLimit]
    paddusb mm0, [esp+RUpperLimit]     ; R
    psubusb mm0, [esp+RUpperLimit]
    lea ecx, [eax+2*eax]               ; ecx - point to next 3 line
    psllq mm0, [esp+RLeftShift]        ; position R in the most significant
part of the byte
    movq mm7, mm2                    ; mm7: Save B
; note: no need for shift to place B on the least significant part of the byte
; R in left position, B in the right position so they can be combined
    punpcklbw mm2, mm0                ; mm1: 4 low 16 bit RB
    pxor mm4, mm4                     ; mm4: 0
    movq mm3, mm1                     ; mm3: G
    punpckhbw mm7, mm0                ; mm7: 4 high 16 bit RB
    punpcklbw mm1, mm4                ; mm1: low 4 G 16 bit
    punpckhbw mm3, mm4                ; mm3: high 4 G 16 bit
    psllw mm1, [esp+GLeftShift]       ; shift low G 5 positions
    por mm2, mm1                      ; mm2: low RGB16
    psllw mm3, [esp+GLeftShift]       ; shift high G 5 positions
    movq mm4, mm2                     ; mm4: save low RGB16
    por mm7, mm3                      ; mm7: high RGB16
    punpcklwd mm2, mm2                ; replicate low low RGB16
    movq [edi+2*eax], mm2
    punpckhwd mm4, mm4                ; replicate high low RGB16
    movq [edi+2*eax+8], mm4           ; patch
    movq mm5, mm7                     ; save high RGB16
    movq [edi+ecx], mm2
    punpcklwd mm7, mm7
    movq [edi+ecx+8], mm4             ; patch
    punpckhwd mm5, mm5
    movq [edi+ecx+16], mm7            ; aligned
    movq [edi+2*eax+16], mm7         ; aligned
    movq [edi+ecx+24], mm5           ; aligned
    movq [edi+2*eax+24], mm5         ; aligned

```

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```
    add     edi, 32                ; ih take 16 bytes (8 pixels-16 bit)
    add     ebx, 4                ; ? to take 4 pixels together instead of 2
    jl      do_next_8x2_block     ; ? update the loop for 8 y pixels at once
    ADDedi  CCOSkipDistance       ; go to begin of next line
    ADDedi  CCOPitch              ; skip odd line
    ADDedi  CCOPitch              ; skip odd line
    ADDedi  CCOPitch              ; skip odd line
    Leax    CCOPitch
    Leax    YPitch
    Lebp    tmpYCursorOdd
    lea     ebp, [ebp+2*eax]      ; skip two lines
    Sebp    tmpYCursorOdd
    Lebp    tmpYCursorEven
    lea     ebp, [ebp+2*eax]
    Sebp    tmpYCursorEven
    ADDesi  ChromaPitch
    ADDedx  ChromaPitch
    sub     PD FrameHeight[esp],2
    ja      PrepareChromaLine
;-----
finish:
    emms
    add     esp, LocalFrameSize
    pop     ebx
    pop     ebp
    pop     edi
    pop     esi
    retn
MMXCODE1 ENDS
END
```



### 19. References

[1] Recommendation and Reports. Recommendation 601-1. Encoding Parameters of Digital Television For Studios